



Terawins, Inc.

***Advanced Information
Version 0.1***

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T118 Video Display Controller

Confidential

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1 Introduction

1.1 Features

■ Cost Effective Highly Integrated Triple ADC + 2D Video Decoder + OSD + Scaler + TCON

- Integrates 9-bit Analog to Digital Converters (ADC) & Phase Locked Loop (PLL)
- Scaler supports 2-D adaptive intra-field de-interlacer and non-linear 16:9 aspect ratio.
- Requires no external Frame Buffer Memory for deinterlacer.
- Advanced On Screen Display (OSD) function
- Programmable Timing Controller (Tcon) for Car TV applications
- Multi-standard color decoder with 2D adaptive comb filter
- Innovative and flexible design to reduce total system cost

Triple 9-bit Analog to Digital Converters (ADC)

■ 27 MSPS Conversion Rate

- Built-in Pre-amp, mid-level & ground clamp circuit
- Automatic Clamp Control for CVBS, Y/C and YPbPr
- Programmable Static Gain Control or Automatic Gain Control for CVBS, Y/C or YPbPr
- Max Input configuration up to 6xCVBS, 2xS-video and 2xCVBS or 1xCVBS, 1xS-Video and 1xYPbPr

Digital Video Enhancement

■ Separate Luminance and Chroma Enhancer

- Y Supports Luminance Peaking, DLTi, Black Level Expansion, Contrast and Brightness adjustment
- C Supports DCTi, Saturation and Hue adjustment.

Advanced Scaling Engine

■ Two Dimensions FIR Scaler

- Coefficient based sharpness filters
- 2-D edge enhancement
- Independent vertical and horizontal scaling ratio
- 16:9 Non-linear Aspect ratio

■ LCD Interface

- Provides 256-entry TBL Gamma correction for panel compensation
- Supports image pan functions
- Programmable Timing Controller
- RGB Triple DAC output or Digital Serial RGB

■ Color Management

- Coef Programmable YCbCr-to-RGB Color Space Converter
- Independent RGB Gamma Correction

■ Built-in On Screen Display Engine

- 3K-word OSD SRAM memory
- 1K-word Built-in font ROM
- Supports font or bitmap modes
- Supports character blinking, overlay, shadow and border functions
- Fully programmable character mapping
- Supports alpha blending & Zoom-in/Zoom-out function
- Optional fonts can be stored in off-chip serial EEPROM

■ Versatile VBI Data Decoder

- Supports Close Caption, Wide Screen Signalling and Teletext

■ Crystal Oscillator Circuit

- Direct interface to a (27.0MHz) Crystal
- Also provide a buffered clock output for external Micro-controller

■ Digital Test Pattern Generator

- Programmable standard & special panel burn-in test patterns
- Support special border frame blocking mode

■ Independent Display Phase Lock Loop

- Generates pixel clock output to panel
- Supports free run OSD mode
- Spread spectrum clock

■ Serial Bus Interface

- Supports 2-wire (normal speed)

■ Pulse Width Modulation Outputs

■ Design For Testability

- Scan chain insertion
- Separated analog & digital test modes

■ Power Supply: +1.8V & +3.3V

■ Package: 64-pin LQFP

1.2 General Description

The T118 is a highly integrated All-in-one Visual Processor that provides major cost saving solution for the portable applications. T118 has built-in high performance dual ADCs, TCON, Triple DACs, Scaling Machine with sophisticated upscaling and downscaling algorithms. The Innovative integrated

“Frame-Buffer-Less” De-interlacer can significantly reduce system cost. The T118 also integrates On Screen Display engine with 3K words of font RAM and built-in 1K words of font ROM. The device can interface to an external micro-controller through 2-wire serial bus interface.

1.3 Applications

1. 4-inch to 10-inch portable DVD or in-car TV
2. Progressive CRT TV

1.4 System Architecture

T118 Block Diagram

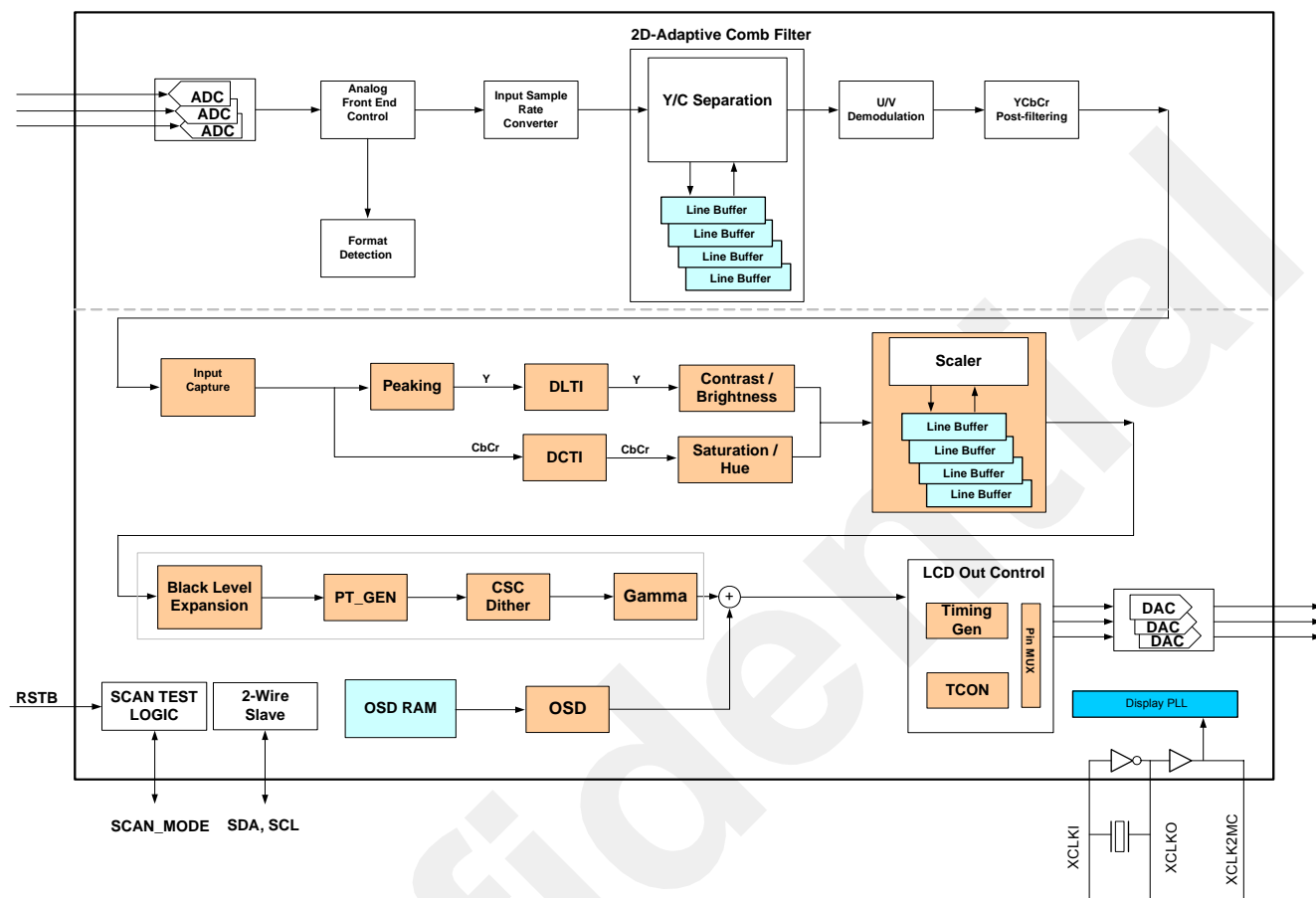


Figure 1-1 System Architecture

1.5 System Configurations

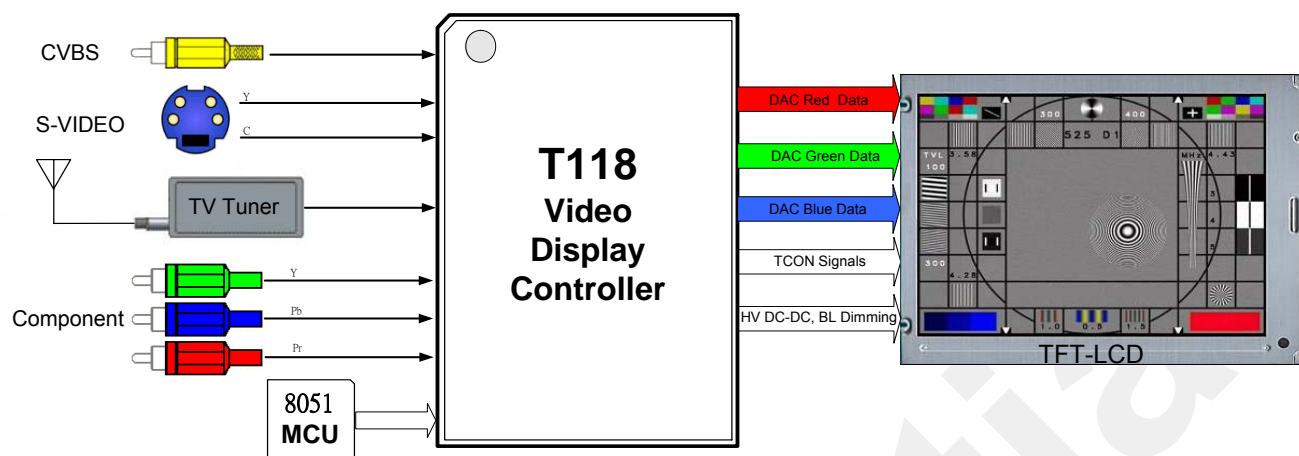


Figure 1-2 System Configuration

1.6 Pinout Diagram

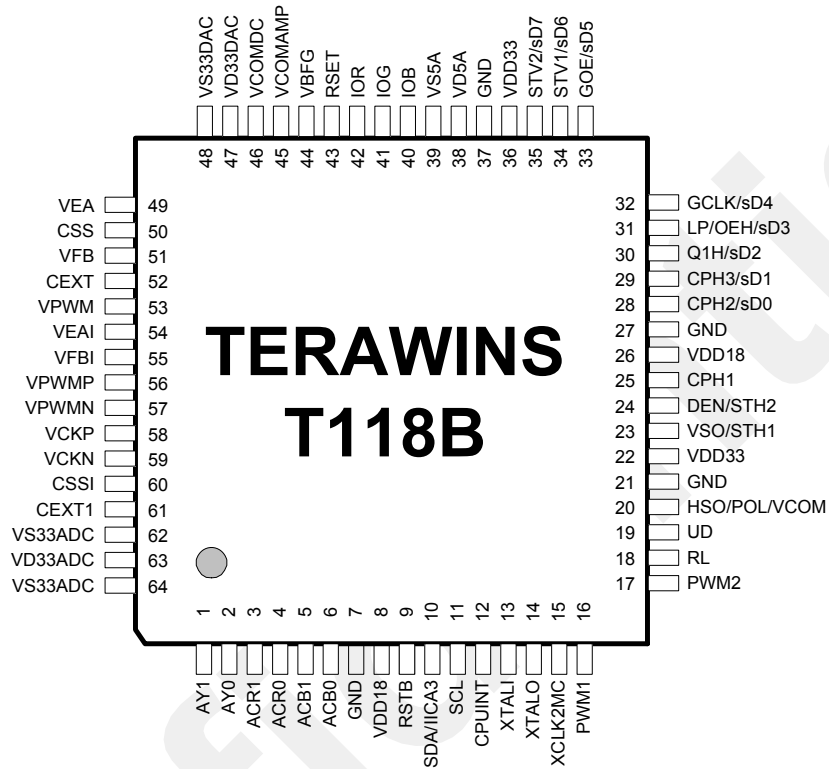


Figure 1-3 Pinout Diagram

1.7 Pin Description

Table 1-1 Pin Description

Symbol	Pin #	Type	Description
Power Supplies			
VDD18	8,26	PWR	+1.8V digital core power supply
VDD33	22,36	PWR	+3.3V digital output power supply,
VD5A	38	PWR	+5.0V analog power supply
VD33ADC	63	PWR	+3.3V analog power supply for ADC
VD33DAC	47	PWR	+3.3V analog power supply for DAC
GND	7,21,27,37	GND	Digital ground
VS5A	39	GND	Analog ground
VS33ADC	62,64	GND	Analog ground for ADC
VS33DAC	48	GND	Analog ground for DAC
Output Interface Signals			
RSET	43	AO	DAC reference current adjustment
VBFG	44	AO	Voltage reference output
IOR	42	AO	Channel R current output
IOG	41	AO	Channel G current output
IOB	40	AO	Channel B current output
CPH1	25	DO	Output data clock
CPH2/sD0	28	DO	Output data clock/the bit 0 of serial interfaced panel
CPH3/sD1	29	DO	Output data clock/the bit 1 of serial interfaced panel
VSO/STH1	23	DO	Vertical synchronization output signal.
HSO/POL	20	DO	Horizontal synchronization output signal.
DEN/STH2	24	DO	Horizontal data enable
Timing Controller Interface Signals			
Q1H/sD2	30	DO	Source Driver Q1H/the bit 2 of serial interfaced panel
LP/sD3	31	DO	Latch pulse for source driver/the bit 3 of serial interfaced panel
GCLK/sD4	32	DO	Gate driver clock/the bit 4 of serial interfaced panel
GOE/sD5	33	DO	Gate driver output enable/the bit 5 of serial interfaced panel
STV1/sD6	34	DO	Gate Driver start pulse/the bit 6 of serial interfaced panel
STV2/sD7	35	DO	Gate Driver start pulse/the bit 7 of serial interfaced panel
VCOMAMP	45	DO	Analog VCOM amplitude
VCOMDC	46	DO	Analog VCOM DC offset
2-wire serial bus Interface Signals			
SCL	11	DI	2-wire serial bus clock. Power down does not affect SCL.
SDA/IICA3	10	I/O	2-wire serial bus data. Power down does not affect SDA.
Configuration interface Signals			
CPUINT	12	I/O	Internal Interrupt.
RSTB	9	DI	Whole chip reset. (Internal Pull-up)
ADC Interface			
AY1	1	AI	Analog input 1 of input channel 2
AY0	2	AI	Analog input 0 of input channel 2
ACR1	3	AI	Analog input 1 of input channel 1
ACR0	4	AI	Analog input 0 of input channel 1
ACB1	5	AI	Analog input 1 of input channel 3
ACB0	6	AI	Analog input 0 of input channel 3

Symbol	Pin #	Type	Description
PLL Reference Clock			
XTALI	13	DI	Output PLL reference clock input
XTALO	14	DO	Output PLL reference clock output
XCLK2MC	15	DO	Buffered XTALI for external microprocessor.
Power Management Interface Signals			
PWM1	16	DO	Pulse Width Modulation for volume/backlight control.
PWM2	17	DO	Pulse Width Modulation for volume/backlight control.
CCS	50	AO	Soft start pin
VEA	49	AO	Error amplifier output
CCS	50	AO	Soft start pin
VFB	51	AO	Feedback of Lamp current
CEXT	52	AO	Switching frequency of DC-DC converter
VPWM	53	AO	PWM output, connect to external N-channel power MOSFET
VEAI	54	AO	Error Amplifier output
VFBI	55	AI	Feedback of Lamp current
VPWMP	56	AO	PWM output, drive PMOSFET switch
VPWMN	57	AO	PWM output, drive NMOSFET switch
VCKP	58	AO	Clock output, drive PMOSFET switch
VCKN	59	AO	Clock output, drive NMOSFET switch
CSSI	60	AO	Soft Start pin
CEXT1	61	AO	Switching frequency of Inverter

2 Theory of Operations

2.1 I²C Command Protocol

Before your tester writes I²C commands to T118, slave address must be set at 50h. The timing sequence can be shown as below. After 4 cycles, the tester can get started IIC commands. SDA(A3) can affect slave address. Set low for 40h. Set high for 50h.

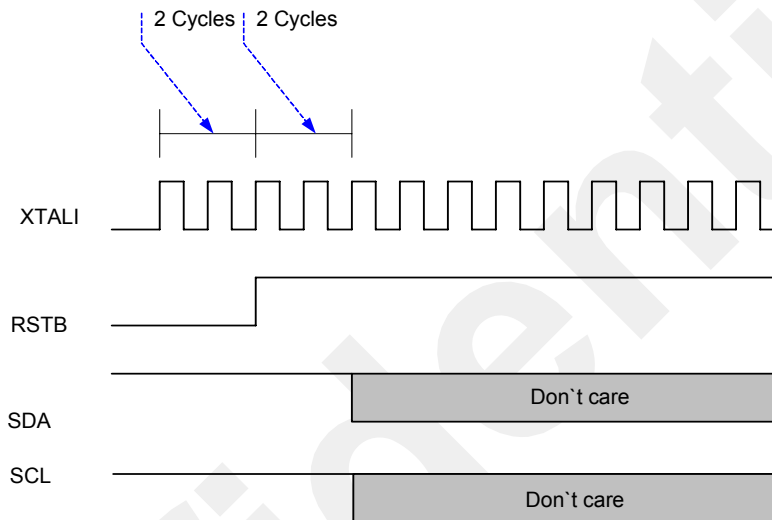


Figure 2-1 Power-up initialization

When tester issues commands to the T118, the only way the user can program the T118 is using the 2-wire serial bus protocol. This section describes the 2-wire serial bus protocol. Data transfers on the 2-wire serial bus are initiated with a START condition and are terminated with a STOP condition. Normal data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the SCL. The transition on the SDA is only allowed while SCL is low. The START condition is unique case and is defined by a high-to-low transition on the SDA while the SCL is high. The STOP condition is a unique case and is defined by a low-to-high transition on the SDA while the SCL is high. Each data packet on the 2-wire serial bus consists of 8 bits of data followed by an ACK bit. Data is transferred with MSB first. The transmitter releases the SDA line during the ACK bit and the receiver of data transfer must drive the SDA line low during the ACK bit to acknowledge receipt of the data. The frequency of SCL can be from 50 KHz up to 1 Mhz.

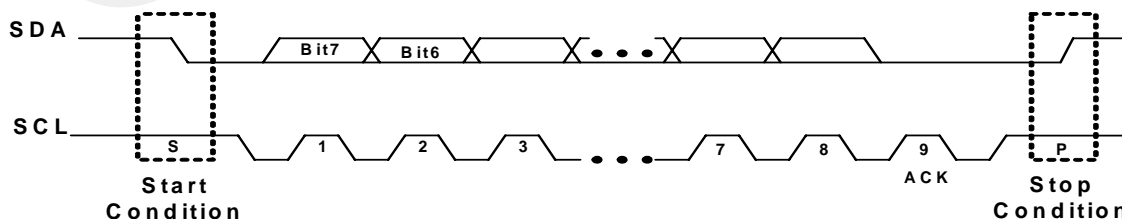


Figure 2-2 2-wire serial bus Protocol

The timing below shows a typical T118 IIC single byte write command,

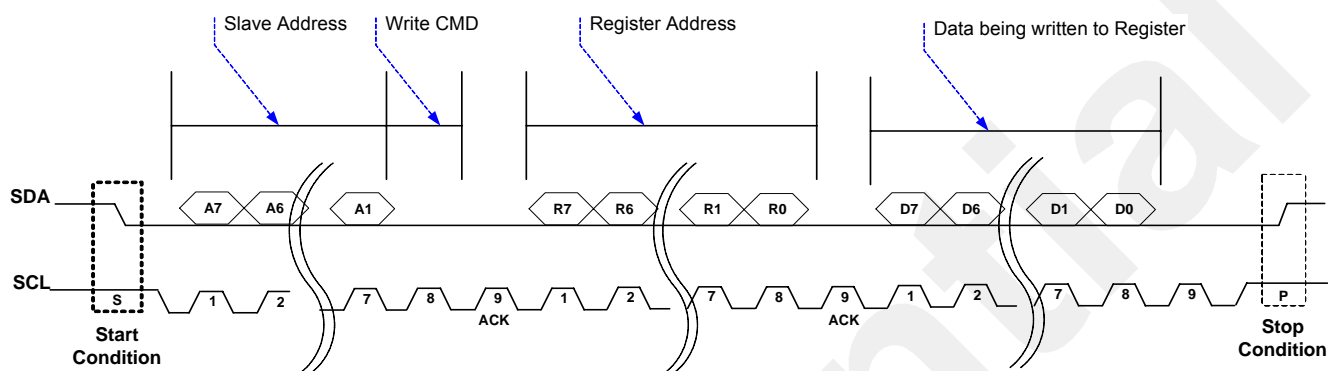


Figure 2-3 T118 IIC single byte write command

The timing below shows a typical T118 IIC single byte read command,

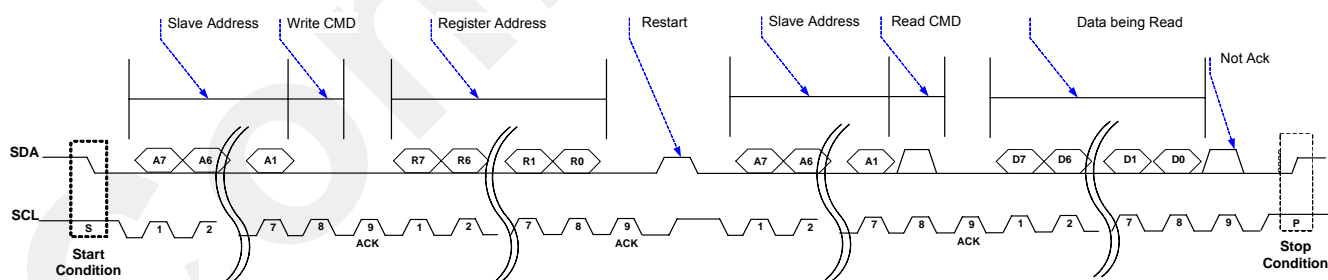


Figure 2-4 T118 IIC single byte read command

2.2 Analog Front End

T118 contains 2 ADCs in Analog Front End. Each channel of ADCs can digitalize SDTV signals from analog to digital. The figure shown below can describe how to select a SDTV signal from 2 inputs prior to ADCs.

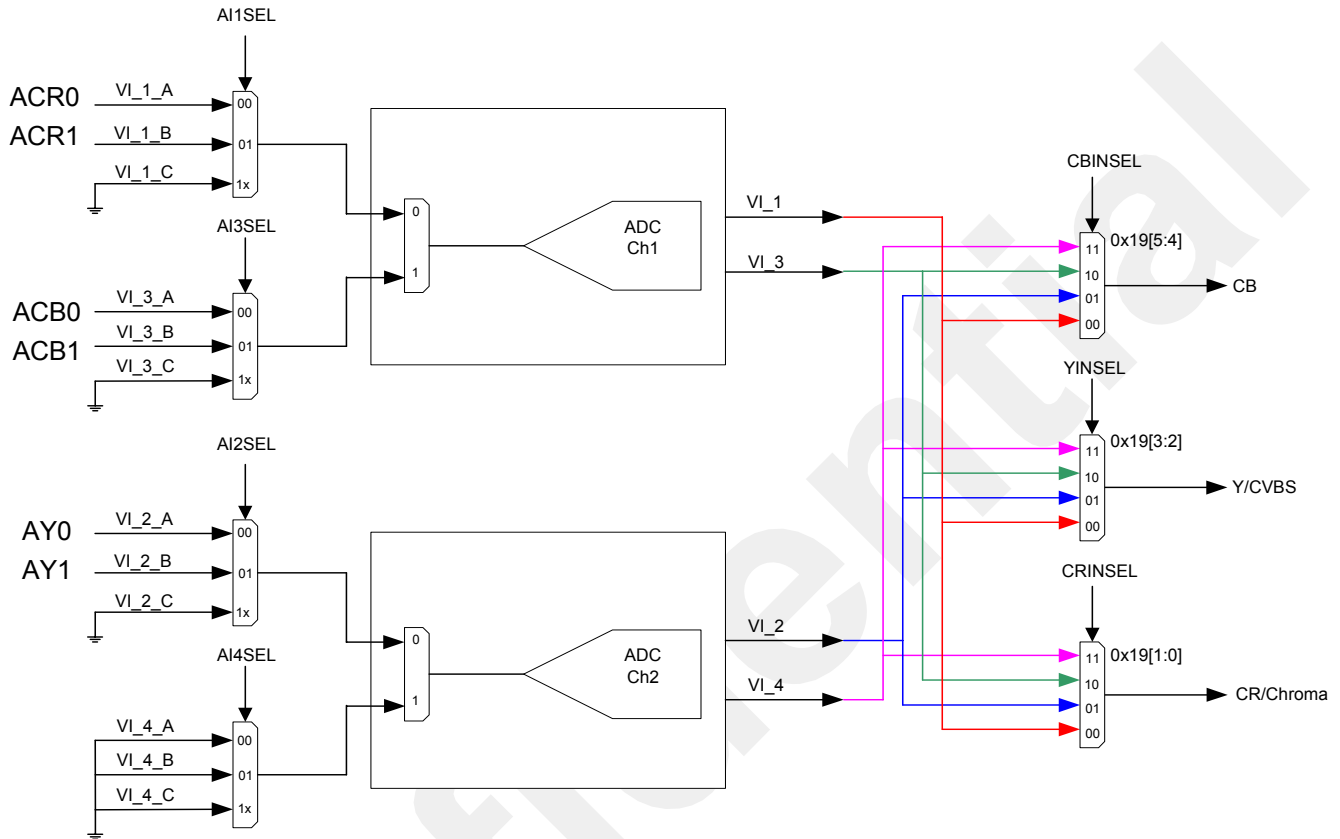


Figure 2-5 Analog Front End

2.3 Y/C Separation and Chroma Decoder

A composite video has luma(Y) and chroma(C) information mixed in the same video signal. This video signal can also be represented by the equation below,

$$CVBS = Y + U * \sin(wt) + V * \cos(wt)$$

Where $w = 2\pi f_{SC}$, $f_{SC} = 3.58\text{Mhz}$ if NTSC, $f_{SC} = 4.43\text{Mhz}$ if PAL

The figure below shows a typical composite signal. The 2-D adaptive comb filter inside T118 is designed to separate Y and C from a composite video signal.

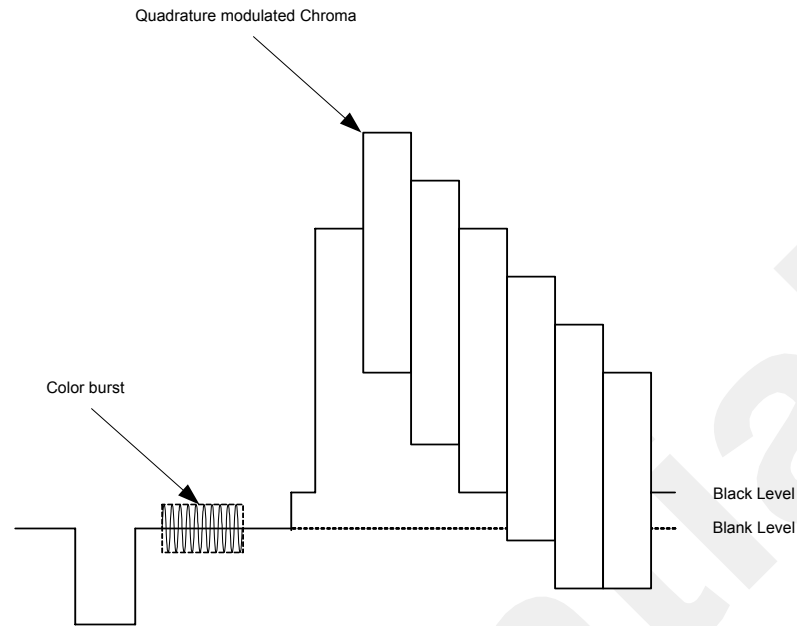


Figure 2-6 Typical Color SDTV Signal

. The conventional 3-line comb filter fails to separate Y and C if there is a vertical transition. The 2-D adaptive comb filter is based on equally weighting factors that color changes along vertical and horizontal edges. Let the amount of color change along vertical and horizontal direction DC_v and DCh , the weighting factor can be expressed as following equations,

$$W_h = \frac{DC_v}{DC_v + DCh}$$

$$W_v = \frac{DCh}{DC_v + DCh}$$

By employing adaptive method, chroma can be recovered by following equation,

$$C = Ch * W_h + C_v * W_v$$

After Y/C separation, Y and C should look like waveforms shown as in following figure. Y only contains low frequency part, while C contains high frequency part which is centered around sub-carrier f_{sc} .

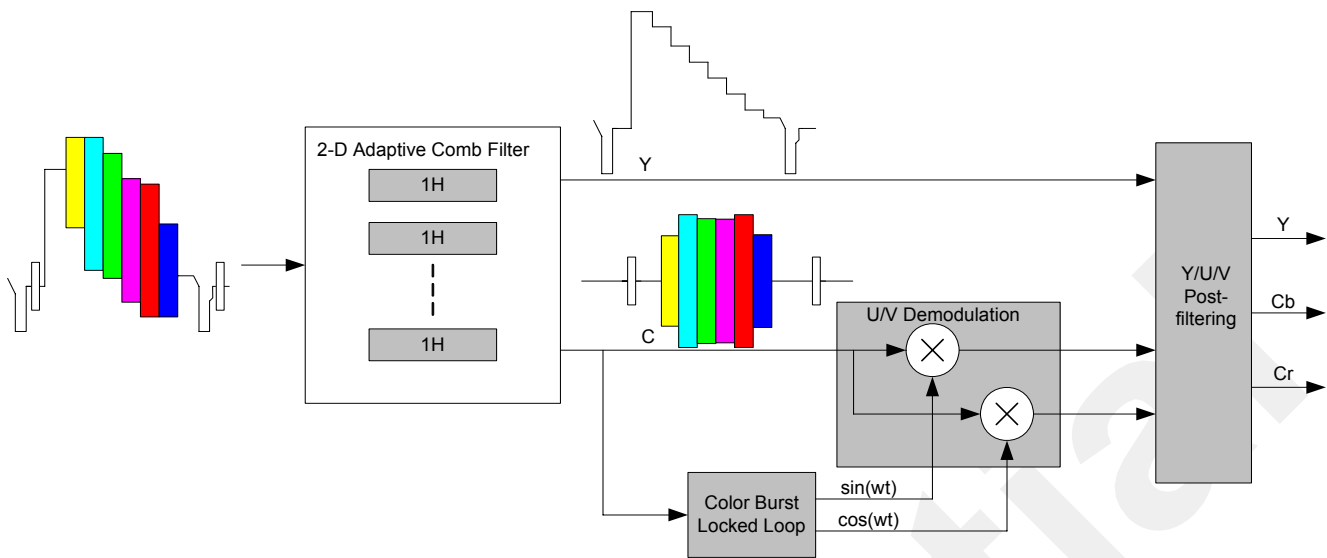


Figure 2-7 Video Decoding Flow

2.4 Digital Color Transient Improvement (DCTI)

Usually, a composite or S-video SDTV signal may have bandwidth limitation that causes the loss chroma detail around two different color bars. Two pictures shown below illustrate the result before and after DCTI block. Without DCTI (the upper picture), we may see color transient wider than several pixels. A slow transient edge usually blurs image. T118 DCTI algorithm can sharpen those color transient edges. The lower picture shows that chroma data is enhanced by increasing the slope of edge transient without introducing the ring effects.



Figure 2-8 Comparison of DCTI

2.5 Digital Luminance Transient Improvement (DLTI)

The Digital Luminance Transient Improvement is intended to sharpen luminance edge transient. The figure shown below is DLTI transfer function. DLTI doesn't increase peak-to-peak amplitude; rather it turns sloped waveforms into rectangular waveforms.

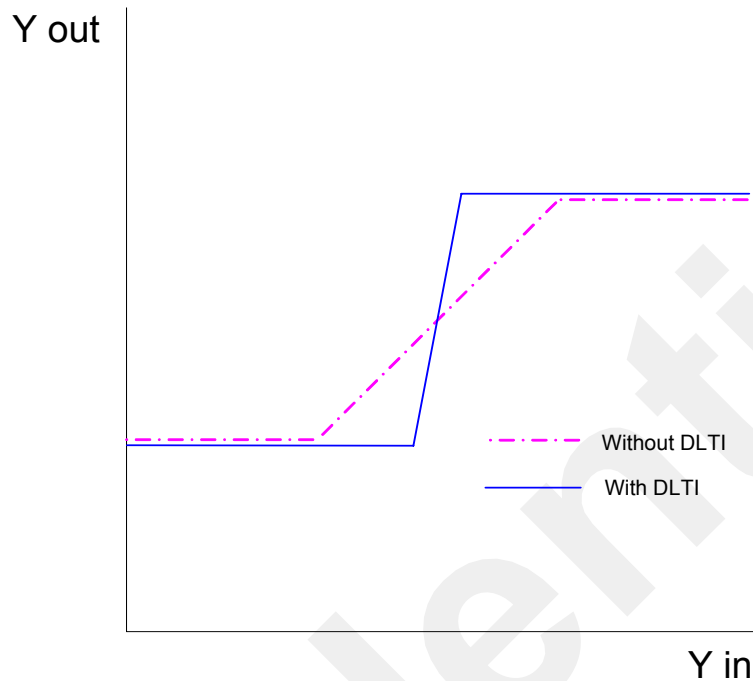


Figure 2-9 DLTI Transfer Curve

2.6 FIR Scaler

FIR Scaler can scale input H/V sizes to fit any LCD panel resolution. The flexible and independent H/V scalers allow users to program display area in 16:9 Full mode, 16:9 non-linear wide mode and 4:3 mode. FIR scaler also provides coefficient-based 2-D sharpness that can sharpen detail of picture.

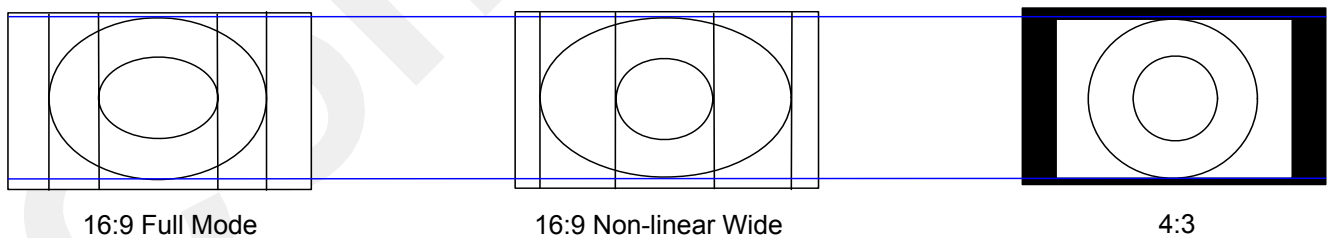


Figure 2-10 Practical Applications of FIR Scaler

2.7 Black-Level Extension (BLE)

Black Level Expansion (BLE) can enhance image contrast that makes dark regions of image darker, while bright regions remain unchanged. The figure shown below is BLE transfer function.

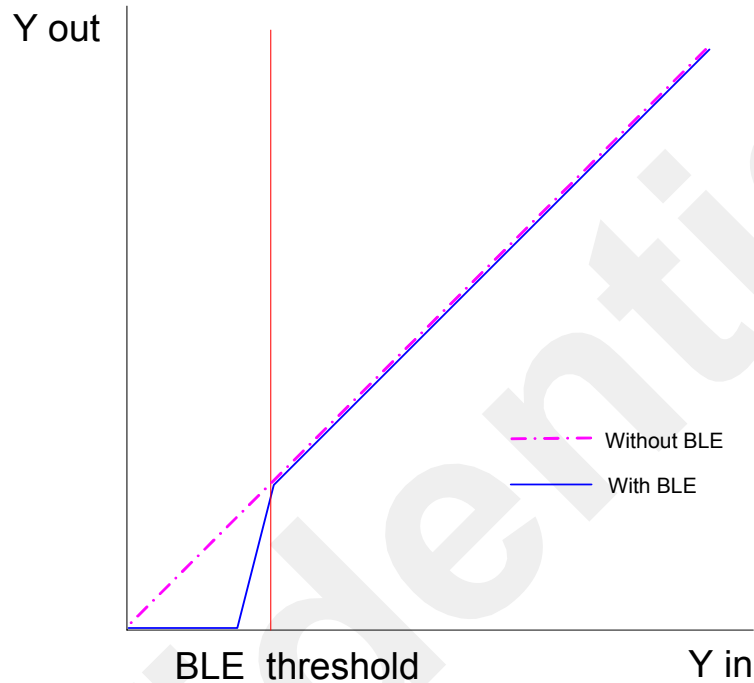


Figure 2-11 BLE Transfer Curve

$$Y_{out} = Y_{in} - (Y_{offset} - Y_{in}) * BLE_Gain / 16$$

Where Y_{offset} and BLE_Gain can be programmed by register P0_96h.

2.8 Color Space Converter

A pixel in YCbCr color space can be converted to RGB color space by using following equations,

$$R = YCoefCSC * (Y - 16) + CrCoef_R * (Cr - 128)$$

$$G = YCoefCSC * (Y - 16) - CrCoef_G * (Cr - 128) - CbCoef_G * (Cb - 128)$$

$$B = YCoefCSC * (Y - 16) + CbCoef_B * (Cb - 128)$$

Where $YCoefCSC$ is in 1.7-bit fixed point with default 1.164. $CrCoef_R$ in 1.7-bit fixed point with default 1.596. $CrCoef_G$ in 0.8-bit fixed point with default 0.813. $CbCoef_G$ in 0.8-bit fixed point with default 0.392. $CbCoef_B$ in 2.6-bit fixed point with default 2.017

The equations shown as below correspond to a typical YCbCr-to-RGB converter. In T118, we make those coefficients adjustable.

$$R = 1.164 * (Y - 16) + 1.596 * (Cr - 128)$$

$$G = 1.164 * (Y - 16) - 0.813 * (Cr - 128) - 0.392 * (Cb - 128)$$

$$B = 1.164 * (Y - 16) + 2.017 * (Cb - 128)$$

2.9 Gamma Correction

The relation between input video signal and LCD panel may exist non-linear transfer function such as figure shown below,

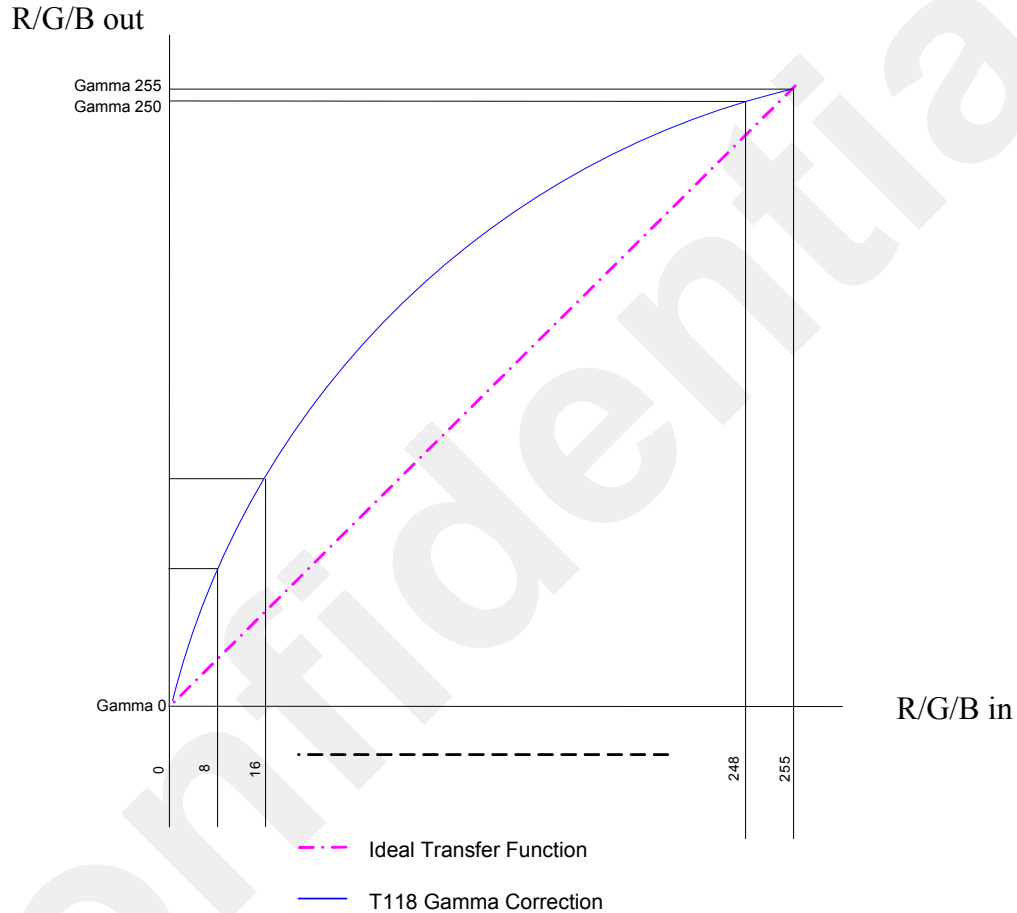


Figure 2-12 Gamma Transfer Curve

T118 uses 3 independent 256-entry RAM-based LUTs that are allowed to be programmed each point via register at P0_93h and P0_94h.

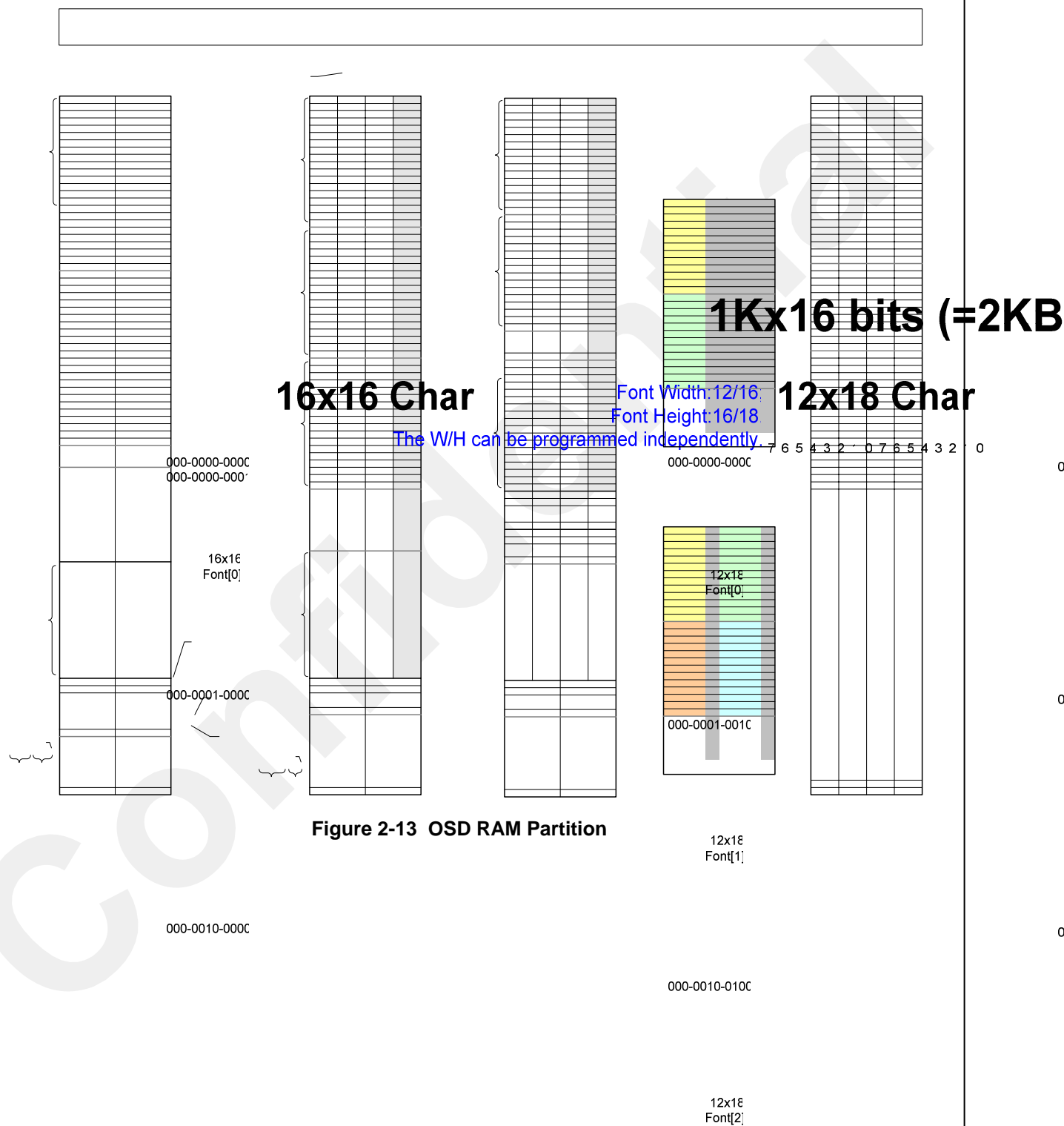
2.10 OSD

2.10.1 OSD Access

Table 2-1 OSD Access

I/O Port	Index	Default	Description
A0h – OSD_Index A1h – OSD_Data	00h	00h	OSD Control Register
	01h	00h	Character Delay_1
	02h	10h	Character Delay_2
	03h	08h	Character Delay_3
	04h	00h	Alpha Blending Control
	05h	38h	Char_RAM Base Address
	06h	40h	Char_RAM Stop Address
	07h	00h	Reserved
	08h	00h	Reserved
	09h	0Ah	Blinking Control
	0Ah	00h	Bit_Map Window Size : Height Upper Bits and BMP Enlarge Control
	0Bh	0Ah	Bit_Map Window Size : Width
	0Ch	66h	Bit_Map Window Size : Height
	0Dh	00h	Reserved
	0Eh	-	OSD LUT RAM data port (Write Only)
	0Fh	00h	Char Control Register
A2h – ORAM_AL		00h	OSD RAM Low Address Port of Starting Access
A3h – ORAM_AH		00h	OSD RAM High Address Port of Starting Access
A4h – ORAM_D		00h	OSD RAM Data Port (Low Byte first, then High Byte). After two Writes, the address will be increased by 1.

2.10.2 RAM Addressing A[9:0]



2.10.3 Character RAM format

In Character Mode (contrast to Bit_Map Mode), the Characters displayed on OSD can be grouped to few rows; each row has its own row attribute which defines the behavior of current character row. And, there is maximum 30 characters in one row, each character has 1~2 bytes to define its character font number and its colors. Due to providing more flexible menu programming, T102 supports three character modes:

Table 2-2 Character Index Modes (Char_Idx_Mode)

Char_Idx_Mode = 0

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BG[2:0]			Blink	FG[3:0]				Index (Char_0)								XXX-XXX0-0000
BG[2:0]			Blink	FG[3:0]				Index (Char_1)								XXX-XXX0-0001
BG[2:0]			Blink	FG[3:0]				Index (Char_2)								XXX-XXX0-0010
BG[2:0]			Blink	FG[3:0]				Index (Char_29)								XXX-XXX1-1101
000b			0	0000b				Index to Blank Char								XXX-XXX1-1110
Row_BG		Row_Gap					CHS	CWS								XXX-XXX1-1111

32 words

Char_Idx_Mode = 1

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BG	FG	Index (Char_1)						BG	FG	Index (Char_0)						XXX-XXXX-0000
BG	FG	Index (Char_3)						BG	FG	Index (Char_2)						XXX-XXXX-0001
BG	FG	Index (Char_27)						BG	FG	Index (Char_26)						XXX-XXXX-1101
BG	FG	Index (Char_29)						BG	FG	Index (Char_28)						XXX-XXXX-1110
Row_BG		Row_Gap					CHS	CWS	BG_C[2:0]			FG_C[3:0]				XXX-XXXX-1111

16 words

Char_Idx_Mode = 2

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_1)					BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_0)					XXX-XXXX-0000
BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_3)					BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_2)					XXX-XXXX-0001
BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_27)					BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_26)					XXX-XXXX-1101
BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_29)					BG	FG[1:0]		Index (Char_28)					XXX-XXXX-1110
Row_BG		Row_Gap					CHS	CWS	BG_C[2:0]			=> LUT[0]~[3]				XXX-XXXX-1111

16 words

And the Word #1E_h in Char_Idx_Mode=0 is reserved, which must be filled with transparent color and pointed to blank font.

2.10.3.1 Character Index Data (Address to Font Select)

Address Offset: no (part of menu char) Access: Write Only
 Default Value: XXh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	WO	00 or BG/FG	Depends on Char_Idx_Mode
[4:0]	WO	CHRA[5:0]	Character Address (Index), selects the character font (i.e., 0,1,2,... A,B,C, a,b,c,\$,%,...). If the value is number N, then it selects the N th font, and that font starting address is (N x Font_Height). The Font_Height is defined in OSD_0Fh<5>.

In Char_Idx_Mode=0, this Index is 8 bits, and selecting one of total 256 fonts (but OSD RAM is small, for 64 fonts maximum)

In Char_Idx_Mode=1, this Index is 6 bits, and selecting one of total 64 fonts

In Char_Idx_Mode=2, this Index is 5 bits, and selecting one of total 32 fonts

2.10.3.2 Character Attribute

Address Offset: no (part of menu char) Access: Write Only
 Default Value: XXh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	WO	BG_R, BG_G, BG_B	Background R/G/B Color (Intensity=0). If all 0, then no background, i.e. transparent.
[4]	WO	Blink	Enable this Character display with blinking feature. Refer to section 2.10.4.8 for detail blinking control.
[3:0]	WO	FG_R, FG_G, FG_B, FG_I	Foreground R/G/B/Intensity Color. If the value is set as 0000b, then there will be no foreground, i.e. transparent.

2.10.3.3 Row Attribute

Address Offset: no (part of menu char) Access: Write Only
 Default Value: XXh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	WO	RGAP_BG	Color Select of Row Gap. Set 1 for selecting the same color of background of current row character, 0 for selecting transparent color.
[6:2]	WO	RGAP[4:0]	Row Gap (=Row Space). Inserted range is 4 x (31 _d ~0) scan lines before current Row.
[1]	WO	CHS	Character Height Select. Set 1 for double height, 0 for single height.
[0]	WO	CWS	Character Width Select. Set 1 for double width, 0 for single width. When set to 1, only the even numbered characters will be shown, odd numbered characters are skipped.

2.10.4 OSD Configuration Register

2.10.4.1 Cfg_00h – OSD Control Register

Address Offset: OSD_00h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	OSD_En	Enabling the OSD function. Set 1 for enabling, 0 for disabling OSD
[6]	R/W	Bit_Map	Select Bit Mapped OSD display mode. Set 1 for Bit_Map Mode, 0 for Character Mode.
[5]	R/W	Bit2PP	Two bits per Pixel for Bit_Map mode. Set 1 for 2 Bits/Pixel, 0 for 1 Bit/Pixel.
[4]	RO	Reserved	
[3]	R/W	Font_Hx2	Character mode, fonts height double.
[2]	R/W	Early_hDE	let OSD a little shift left.
[1:0]	R/W	Font_WxN	Character mode, fonts width enlarge. Value 0~3 = x1, x2, x3, x4

2.10.4.2 Cfg_01h – Character Delay_1

Address Offset: OSD_01h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	RO	Reserved	
[6:4]	R/W	VERTD[10:8]	Vertical Starting Position (Upper bits) of Character displaying. These bits with Cfg_03h, total 11 bits, become 2048 steps, with an increment one pixel per step for each field.
[3]	RO	Reserved	
[2:0]	R/W	HORD[10:8]	Horizontal Starting Position (Upper bits) of Character displaying. These bits with Cfg_02h, total 11 bits, become 2048 steps, with an increment one pixel per step.

2.10.4.3 Cfg_02h – Character Delay_2

Address Offset: OSD_02h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 10h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HORD[7:0]	Horizontal Starting Position (Lower bits) of Character displaying. These bits with Cfg_01h<2:0>, total 11 bits, become 2048 steps, with an increment one pixel per step.

2.10.4.4 Cfg_03h – Character Delay_3

Address Offset: OSD_03h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 08h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VERTD[7:0]	Vertical Starting Position (Lower bits) of Character displaying. This register with Cfg_01h<6:4>, total 11 bits become 2048 steps, with an increment one line per step for each field.

2.10.4.5 Cfg_04h – Alpha Blending Control

Address Offset: OSD_04h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	FG_NoAB	OSD Character ForeGround portion will be exclusive to be blended if set to one. Default is 0 as no matter the current displayed pixels are in Character foreground or border/shadow or background or in OSD window, all will be alpha blended with original Video source.
[6:3]	RO	Reserved	
[2:0]	R/W	AB_Set[2:0]	Alpha Blending percentage (n/8). If set 000b, alpha blending is disabled ($0/8 * \text{Original Video Source} + 8/8 * \text{OSD display}$); If set 001b, blending as $1/8 * \text{Original Video Source} + 7/8 * \text{OSD display}$; ... If set N, blending as $N/8 * \text{Original Video Source} + (8-N)/8 * \text{OSD display}$;

2.10.4.6 Cfg_05h – Char_RAM Base Address

Address Offset: OSD_05h
Default Value: 38h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	RO	Reserved	
[6:0]	R/W	CharBA[6:0]	Programmable Character RAM Base Address. Those 7 bits become 128 steps, each step is 32 Bytes (one Character Row include Char_Index, Char_Attr, Row_Attr; i.e. 30 column maximum for each Row). The actual address will be 0RR-RRRX-XXXX (in Char_idx_Mode=0 and the CharBA[0] should be 0), or 0RR-RRRR-XXXX (for Char_idx_mode=1 or 2). The RR-RRRR means the value of CharBA[6:0]; the X-XXXX is the nth Char Column. For trading off Font number and Character number in a single RAM (this version is 1Kx16 bits), user should carefully setting this register.

2.10.4.7 Cfg_06h – Char_RAM Stop Address

Address Offset: OSD_06h
Default Value: 40h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	RO	Reserved	
[6:0]	R/W	CharEA[6:0]	Programmable Character RAM Stop/End Address (Available if Revision ID $\geq 0h$). Those 7 bits become 128 steps, each step is 32 bytes. The actual stop address will be 0RR-RRRX-XXXX (The RRRR-RRR means the value of CharEA[6:0]; the X-XXXX is the nth Char Column. and OSD will be displayed for Character Row $\geq \text{CharBA}$ and $< \text{CharEA}$).

2.10.4.8 Cfg_09h – Blinking Control

Address Offset: OSD_09h
Default Value: 0Ah

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	En_Global_Blink	Enable whole OSD Characters blinking if set to 1.
[6:4]	RO	Reserved	
[3:2]	R/W	BCLK[1:0]	Blinking Frequency Select (internal 4x BCLK for Blinking State Machine). Set 00b for Refresh Rate /16; 01b for 1/32; 10b for 1/64; 11b for 1/128.
[1:0]	R/W	Duty[1:0]	For adjusting the blinking duty cycle, Set: 00b for Global Blink Off, i.e., 0% Background, 100% OSD. 01b for 25% Background, 75% OSD. 10b for 50% Background, 50% OSD. 11b for 75% Background, 25% OSD.

2.10.4.9 Cfg_0Ah – Bit_Map Window Size: Height Upper Bits

Address Offset: OSD_0Ah
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	RO	Reserved	
[5:4]	R/W	BMH[9:8]	Bit Map Window Height Upper bits (only available in Bit_Map mode). Please refer to OSD_0Ch for detail. User must be careful of the OSD RAM size limitation.
[3:2]	R/W	BMP_Height_xN [1:0]	Bit Map Window Vertical Enlarge (only available in Bit_Map mode). Set 00b for 1 line per dot, 01b for 2 lines per dot, 10b for 3 lines per dot, 11b for 4 lines per dot.
[1:0]	R/W	BMP_Width_xN[1:0]	Bit Map Window Horizontal Enlarge (only available in Bit_Map mode). Set 00b for 1 pixel per dot, 01b for 2 pixels per dot, 10b for 3 pixels per dot, 11b for 4 pixels per dot.

2.10.4.10 Cfg_0Bh – Bit_Map Window Size: Width

Address Offset: OSD_0Bh
Default Value: 0Ah

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BMW[7:0]	Bit Map Window Width Lower bits (only available in Bit_Map mode). This register has 8 bits, i.e., 256 steps (value 00h is not valid), each step is 16 or 8 dots depends on Bit2PP (OSD_00h<5>) setting. When Bit2PP=0 (i.e., 1 bit/pixel), each step is 16 dots. When Bit2PP=1 (i.e., 2 bits/pixel), each step is 8 dots. User must be careful of the OSD RAM size limitation.

2.10.4.11 Cfg_0Ch – Bit_Map Window Size: Height

Address Offset: OSD_0Ch
Default Value: 66h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BMH[7:0]	Bit Map Window Height Lower bits (only available in Bit_Map mode). This register combined with OSD_0Ah<5:4> and become 10 bits, i.e. 1024 height step: all 0 for reserved, 10'h001 for 1 line, 10'h3FF for 1023 lines. User must be careful of the OSD RAM size limitation.

2.10.4.12 Cfg_0Dh – Bit_Map Window Size: Height

Address Offset: OSD_0Dh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 86h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:3]	R/W	FontH[4:0]	Font Height. Value >=1
[2:0]	R/W	FontW[3:1]	Font WeighX2. Value 3~7 = width 6, 8, ..., 14; others = width 16

2.10.4.13 Cfg_0Eh – OSD Color LUT RAM Data Port

Address Offset: OSD_0Eh Access: Write Only
 Default Value: XXh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	LUT_D[7:0]	The data will be written to (or read from) OSD Color LUT RAM. After each Read or Write access to LUT RAM, then the LUT address will be increased automatically.

Note: Whenever the Configuration Index is programmed from other index value to 0Eh, the OSD Color LUT RAM becomes access capable and the address pointer is reset to 1 (the starting byte). In other words, whenever the index value is programmed to non-0Eh value, the OSD Color LUT RAM can not be access, and the pointer always kept at 1.

Note: The order to fill LUT RAM is:

1. LUT[1]_Green/Blue
2. LUT[1]_0000b/Red
3. LUT[2]_Green/Blue
4. LUT[2]_0000b/Red
5. LUT[3]_Green/Blue
6. ----
29. LUT[15]_Green/Blue
30. LUT[15]_0000b/Red
31. LUT[0]_Green/Blue (wrap to beginning)
32. LUT[0]_0000b/Red
33. LUT[1]_Green/Blue
34. LUT[1]_0000b/Red
-

2.10.4.14 Cfg_0Fh – OSD Color LUT RAM Data Port

Address Offset: OSD_0Fh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	RO	Reserved	
[6]	R/W	FontW_Byte	When font width = 6 or 8 (and only), this bit is optional for the font RAM utilization. When clear to 0, fonts stored in RAM as font width >=10. When set to 1, fonts stored in RAM: Even-indexed fonts put at the high byte in RAM, and Odd-indexed fonts put at the low byte in RAM.
[5:4]	RO	Reserved	
[3:2]	R/W	Char_Idex_Mode[1:0]	Character attribute/Index coding modes, 0 for original 2 bytes (256 index) mode, 1 for 1-byte (64 index) mode, 2 for 1-byte (32 index) mode, 3 for reserved.
[1:0]	R/W	CRAM_ByteAccess[1:0]	OSD RAM access pointer behavior: 0X: Word (2-bytes) R/W; (Fonts, BMP, Character Menu) 10: Low byte only; 11: High byte only; (Character Menu)

2.10.5 Functional Description

2.10.5.1 Host Access OSD RAM

2.10.5.1.1 Writing Data

The OSD RAM size is 1Kx16, i.e., 1K word with each word is 2 bytes. The host interface is 8-bit data width, so whenever the host writes 2 times (one for data low byte, the other for data high byte) then it becomes one write with 16-bit data to OSD RAM.

The ORAM_D (OSD module base address + 04h) port when writing in the 1st/3rd/5th/7th ... times, it will latch lower byte of OSD RAM writing data when the host want to program Font or Character, Attribute, BMP values; and when writing 2nd/4th/6th/8th ... times, it will use this 8bits data as high byte and write both two bytes to OSD RAM.

2.10.5.1.2 Reading Data

Read back data in OSD RAM is disabled.

2.10.5.1.3 Access Address

The OSD RAM access pointer is programmed by the host write access to ORAM_AL and ORAM_AH ports. The OSD RAM size is 1Kx16, so the pointer is required to cover 1K words, i.e., 11 address lines => A[10:0]. When the host read these ORAM_AL/ORAM_AH ports, the pointer value reflects the current OSD RAM accessing pointer.

2.10.5.2 OSD Displaying in Character Mode

Character Mode

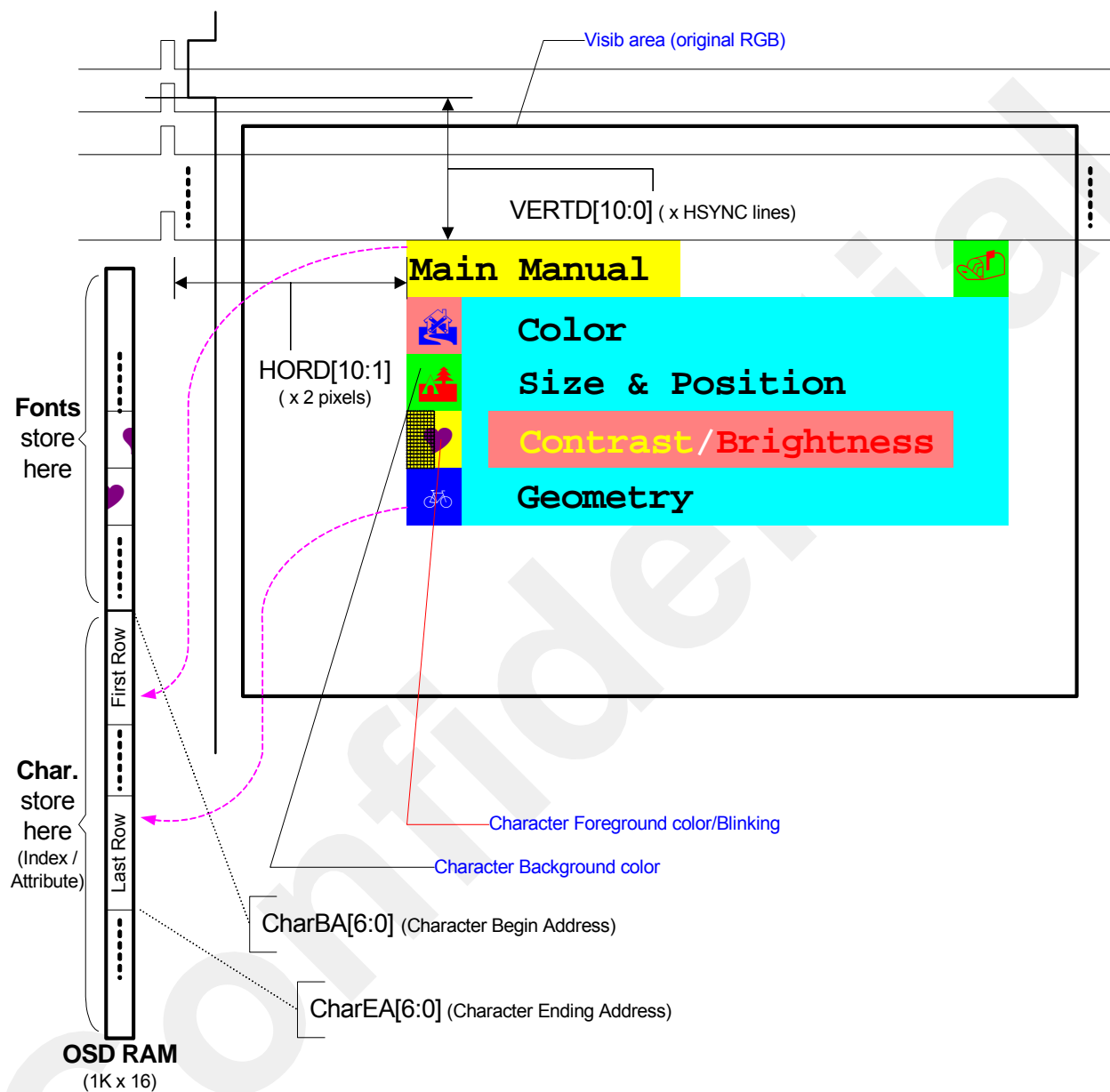
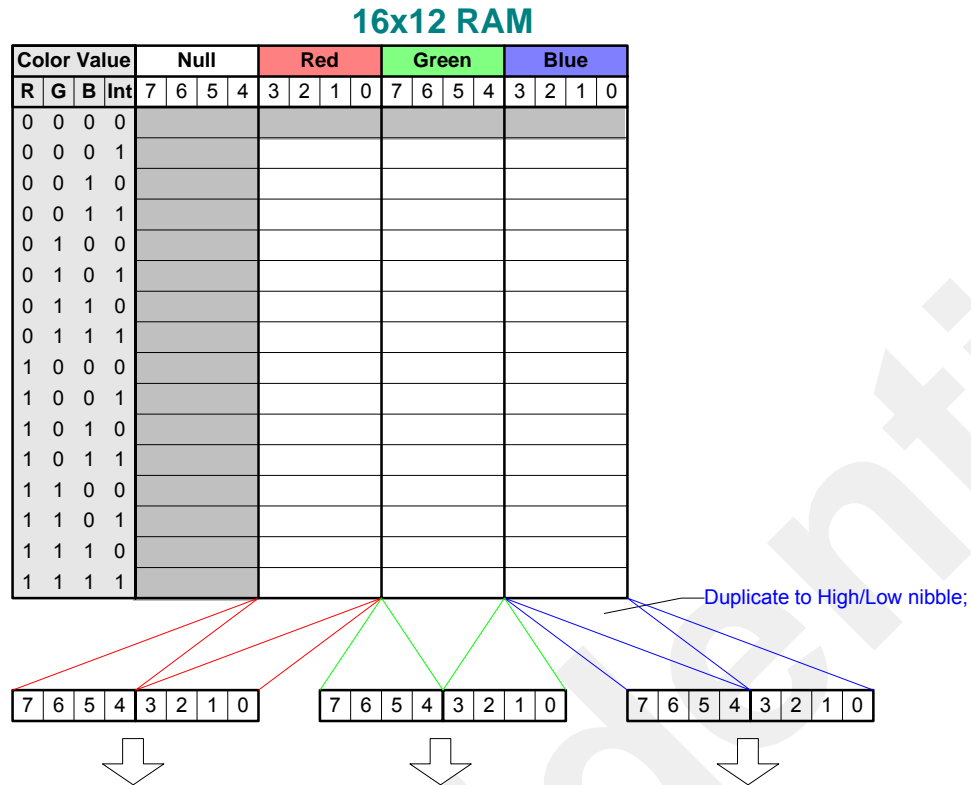


Figure 2-14 OSD Character Mode

2.10.5.3 OSD LUT Color Mapping



1. Character Mode

1. Char_idx_Mode=0, FG[3:0] as Color_0= transparent; Color_1~15= LUT[1..15]
BG[2:0] as Color_0= transparent; Color_1~7= LUT[2,4,..14]
2. Char_idx_Mode=1, FG as Color_0= transparent; Color_1= depends on its Row_Attribute FG_C[3:0], then redirect to transparent or LUT[1..15]
BG as Color_0= transparent; Color_1= depends on its Row_Attribute BG_C[2:0], then redirect to transparent or LUT[2,4,..14]
3. Char_idx_Mode=2, FG[1:0] as Color_0= transparent; Color_1~3= LUT[1..3]
BG as Color_0= transparent; Color_1= depends on its Row_Attribute BG_C[2:0], then redirect to transparent or LUT[2,4,..14]

2. Bit_Map Mode

- 1 Bit/Pixel mode: Color_0= transparent; Color_1= LUT[1]
- 2 Bits/Pixel mode: Color_0= transparent; Color_1~3= LUT[1..3]

Figure 2-15 OSD Color Look Up Table

2.10.5.4 Programming Examples

2.10.5.4.1 Configuring OSD Function

To access OSD configuration registers, write register index to port A0h, and read/write data from port A1h. For example, set :

```
IOW    A0h, 05h      ; point to OSD_05h (Char Base Address register).
IOR     A1h;          ; get Char Base Address.
IOW    A0h, 06h      ; point to OSD_06h (Char Stop Address register).
IOW    A1h, 3Eh;      ; Set Char Stop Address of current menu.
```

2.10.5.4.2 Fill LUT RAM

LUT RAM size is 16 (address) x 12 (width). For example, need to fill LUT RAM as:

LUT_RAM[1]=F5Ah, ...LUT_RAM[15]=EF0h

```
IOW    A0h, 0Eh      ; point to OSD_0Eh (LUT RAM Data port), this will let LUT RAM be
                    ; access-able and pointer starts from 0h of LUT RAM.
IOW    A1h, 5Ah;      ; fill Green = 0101b and Blue = 1010h in LUT_RAM[1].
IOW    A1h, 0Fh;      ; fill Red = 1111b in LUT_RAM[1].
                    ; after this write, h/w will increase LUT RAM address to 2 automatically
.....
IOW    A1h, F0h;      ; fill Green = 1111b and Blue = 0000h in LUT_RAM[15].
IOW    A1h, 0Eh;      ; fill Red = 1110b in LUT_RAM[15].
                    ; after this write, h/w will increase LUT RAM address to 0 automatically
IOW    A0h, non-0Eh   ; Disable LUT RAM programming.
```

2.10.5.4.3 Load Fonts to OSD RAM

OSD RAM size is 1K (address: 000h ~ 3FFh) x 16 (width). Fonts storing starts from address 000h. For example, loading some fonts to OSD RAM as:

Font[0] is a space (all zero), Font[1] is a character 2 with box, Font[14] is a graphic,...

```
IOW    A2h, 00h      ; set OSD RAM starting access address low byte. (bit [7:0] as A[7:0])
IOW    A3h, 00h;      ; set OSD RAM starting access address high byte. (bit [3:0] as A[11:8])
                    ; then the OSD RAM address pointer is set to 000h.
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; low byte of first row of Font[0].
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; high byte of first row of Font[0], after this write, h/w will increase OSD
                    ; RAM address to 1 automatically
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; low byte of 2nd row of Font[0].
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; high byte of 2nd row of Font[0], after this write, h/w will increase OSD
                    ; RAM address to 2 automatically
..... (for example, programmed font size is 18 (height) x 12 (width)
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; low byte of 18th (last) row of Font[0].
IOW    A4h, 00h;      ; high byte of 18th row of Font[0], after this write, h/w will increase OSD
                    ; RAM address to 012h automatically
IOW    A4h, F0h;      ; low byte of first row of Font[0]. (since font width is 12, the low byte bit[3:0]
                    ; is no use)
IOW    A4h, FFh;      ; high byte of first row of Font[0], after this write, h/w will increase OSD
                    ; RAM address to 013h automatically
.....
IOW    A2h, 68h      ; set OSD RAM starting access address low byte. (bit [7:0] as A[7:0])
IOW    A3h, 01h;      ; set OSD RAM starting access address high byte. (bit [3:0] as A[11:8]),
                    ; then the OSD RAM address pointer is set to 168h = 14d * 18d.
IOW    A4h, 40h;      ; low byte of first row of Font[14].
IOW    A4h, A3h;      ; high byte of first row of Font[14],
```

2.11 TCON

2.11.1 LCD Panel Pin Assignment

In this section, we illustrate those pins connected to AU 7" TFT-LCD panel module in a T118 video system.

Table 2-3 T118 Rotation Control and LCD Panel Scanning Direction

L/R	U/D	STH	STV	Reg 0xE1	Scanning Direction
1	1	STH2	STV1	0xBC	Down-to-up, left-to-right
1	0	STH2	STV2	0xF4	Up-to-down, left-to-right
0	1	STH1	STV1	0xA8	Down-to-up, right-to-left
0	0	STH1	STV2	0xE0	Up-to-down, right-to-left

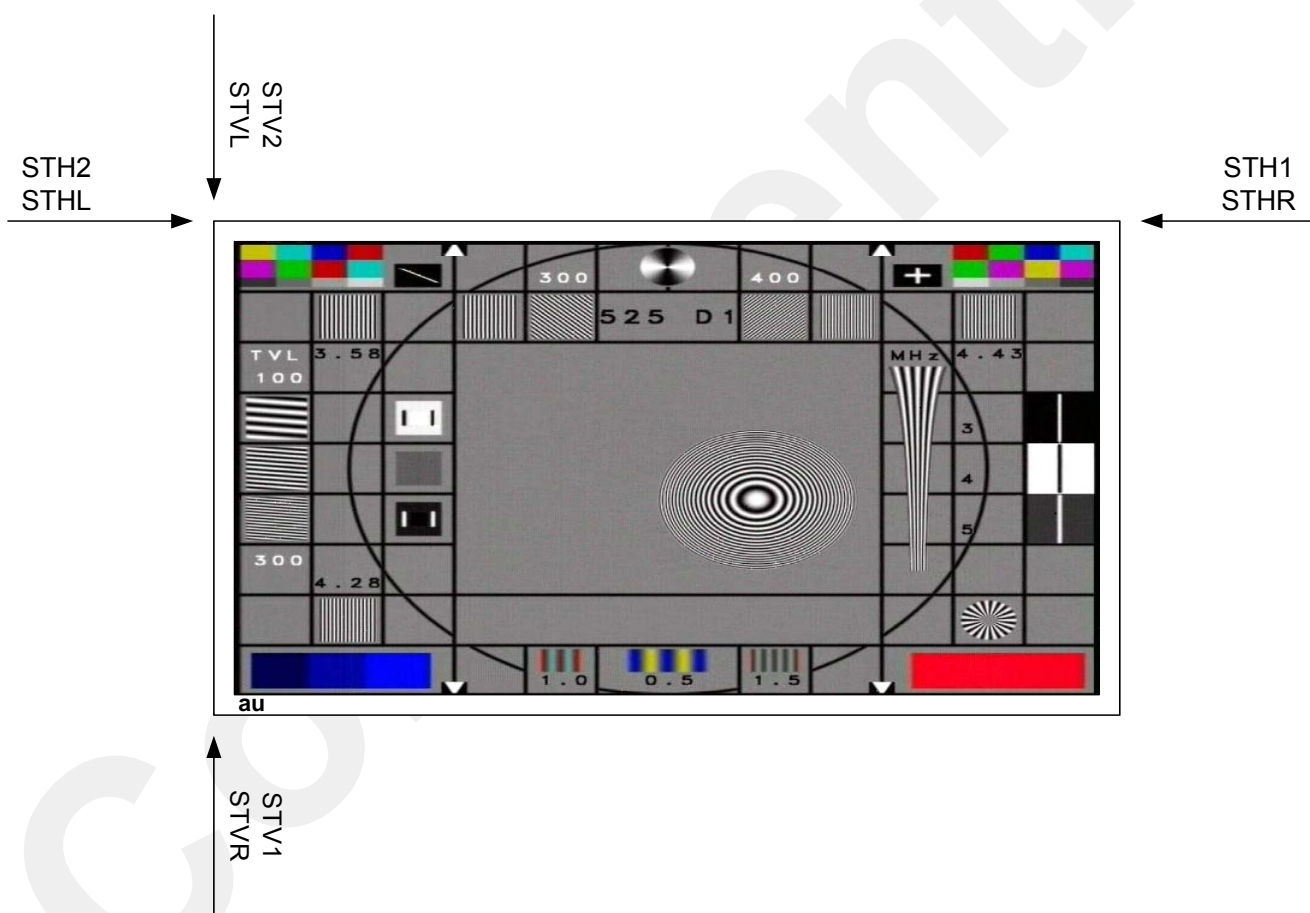


Figure 2-16 Scanning Direction of AU 7" panel

2.11.2 TCON Timing

T118 is designed for analog LCD panel. Each 24-bit color pixel must be converted into analog voltage via built-in triple DACs. The table 2-1 shows a typical setting for AU 7" panel with 10-Mhz operation clock.

Table 2-4 T118 TCON Register Set (C8 =1Bh, C9=03, CA=03h)

Reg	Reg value	Operation
0x20	0x21	Line-inverted Control
0x21	0x79	Polarity Control
0x23,0x22	0x022D	Placement of OEH
0x24	0x0C	Duration of OEH
0x26,0x25	0x024B	Placement of POL
0x28,0x27	0x021C	Placement of GCLK
0x2A,0x29	0x0029	Duration of GCLK
0x2B	0x01	Placement of STH
0x30	0x01	Enable Placement of STV
0x32,0x31	0x01FB	Placement of GOE
0x34,0x33	0x0037	Duration of GOE
0x35	0x06	Placement of STV

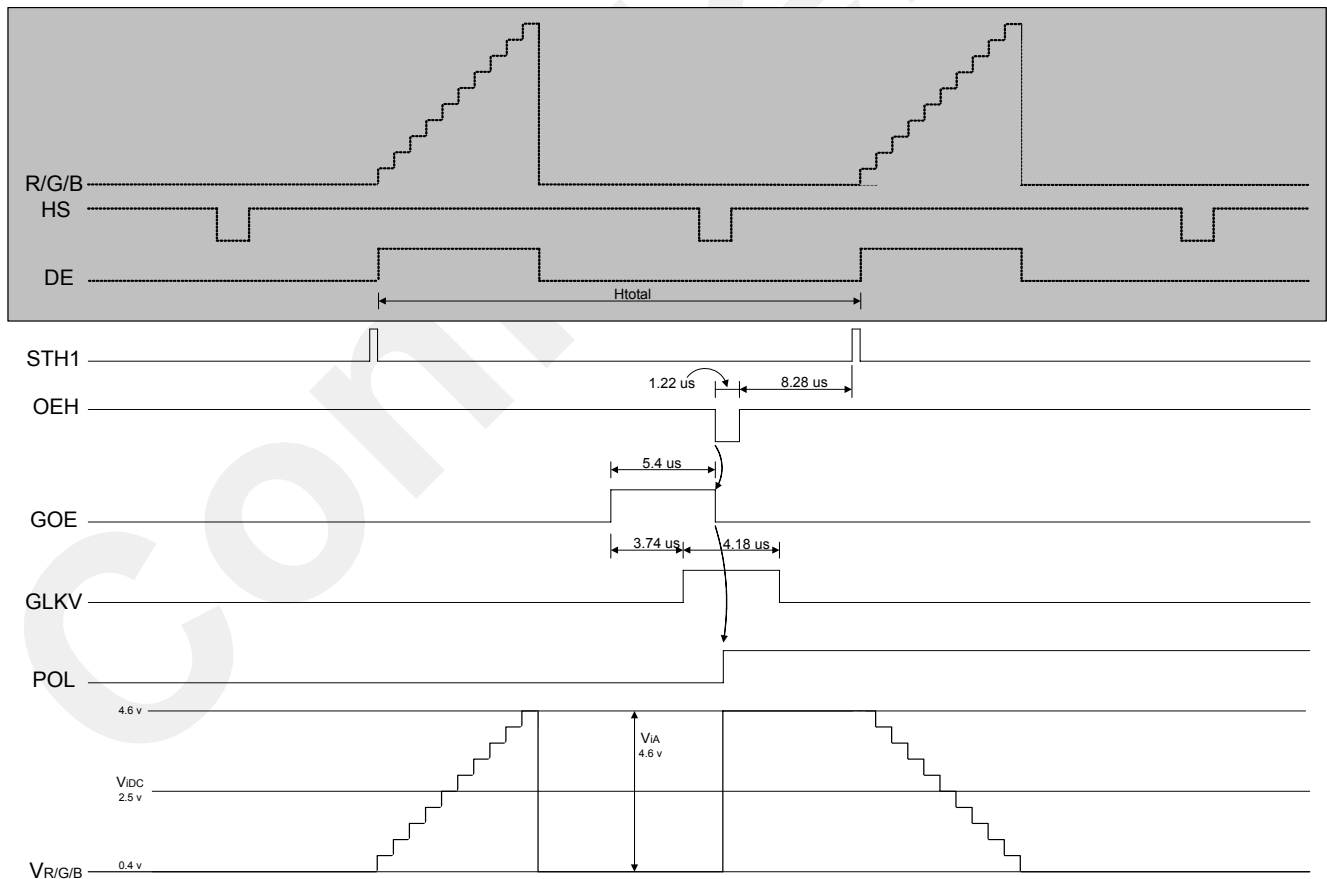


Figure 2-17 AU 7" TCON Timing Spec

The waveforms shown below illustrate TCON location counting. Each TCON signal's placement and duration are allowed to program as alike as analog LCD panels require. On the figure 2-2, the pulse placement starts counting at the leading edge of DE. After placement counter meets the value we give to {P1_27h,P1_28h}, the duration counter starts to count until the duration meets {P1_29h,P1_2Ah}. All of location counting use LLCK as counter clock.

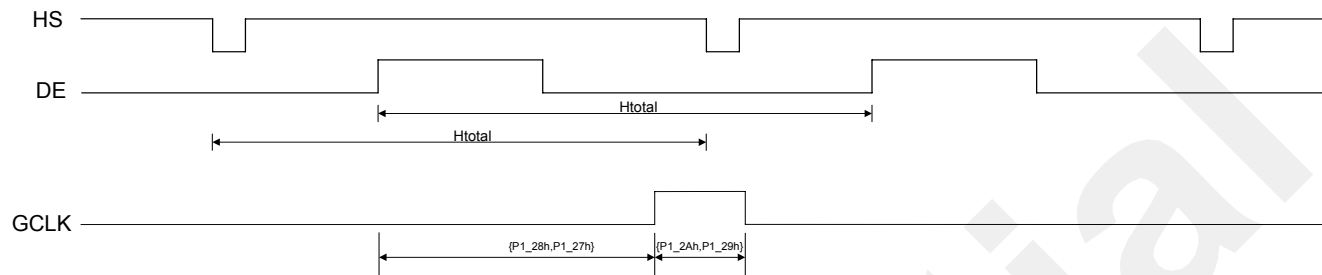


Figure 2-18 Location Counting of GCLK

3 Register Description

Serial Bus Register Set Page 0

3.1 ADC Register Set

3.1.1 ADC Clamping Pulse Placement and Duration

Address Offset: 04h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	STIPCLPL	Clamping pulse placement
[4:0]	R/W	STIPCLDU	Clamping pulse duration

3.1.2 ADC Channel 0 Static Gain

Address Offset: 07h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 80h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	ADCRSG	This register can set a fixed gain for ADC channel 0 when static gain control is enabled

3.1.3 ADC Channel 1 Static Gain

Address Offset: 08h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 80h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	ADCGSG	This register can set a fixed gain for ADC channel 1 when static gain control is enabled

3.1.4 ADC ACR Channel Offset

Address Offset: 0Ah Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 60h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:2]	R/W	ADC_ROFF	ADC Channel 0 DC Offset Control
[1:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.5 ADC AY Channel Offset

Address Offset: 0Bh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 60h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:2]	R/W	ADC_GOFF	ADC Channel 1 DC Offset Control
[1:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.6 ADC General Control Configuration Register

Address Offset: 0Dh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 20h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
-----	--------	--------	-------------

[7:6]	R/W	CLPMD	Clamping mode	
			Mode	Type
			0	Fixed window
			1	Locked Window
			2	Reserved
			3	Reserved
[5]	R/W	DCEN	DC Clamping Enable	
[4]	R/W	DCSEL	Clamping Source Selection	
[3]	R/W	RESERVED		
[2]	R/W	DC_CAL_RDY	DC Calibration Ready	
[1]	R/W	DC_CALEN	DC Calibration Enable	
[0]	R/W	DC_CALMD	DC Calibration Mode	
			Mode	Type
			0	minimum
			1	average

3.1.7 ADC Power Down Control

Address Offset: 0Fh
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5]	R/W	PD1	1: Power down 0: Power up
[4]	R/W	PD0	1: Power down 0: Power up
[3:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.8 YPbPr Clamping Control Register

Address Offset: 11h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	GMIDSEL	Clamping Voltage
			Mode
			Voltage Type
			0
			Adaptiv Voltage
[5:4]	R/W	RMIDSEL	Clamping Voltage
			Mode
			Voltage Type
			0
			Adaptiv Voltage
			1
			0.65*Ref
			2
			0.5*Ref
			3
			0.35*Ref

[3]	R/W	ADSHARE2	0: Take sampled data from channel 2 and channel 4 (used for CbCr) 1: Take sampled data from channel 2 or channel 4						
[2]	R/W	ADSHARE1	0: Take sampled data from channel 1 and channel 3 (used for CbCr) 1: Take sampled data from channel 1 or channel 3						
[1]	R/W	GSCALE	ADC Channel 2 Clamping Mode <table><tr><th>Mode</th><th>Select</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Clamp to ground</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Clamp to midscale</td></tr></table>	Mode	Select	0	Clamp to ground	1	Clamp to midscale
Mode	Select								
0	Clamp to ground								
1	Clamp to midscale								
[0]	R/W	RSCALE	ADC Channel 1 Clamping Mode <table><tr><th>Mode</th><th>Type</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Clamp to ground</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Clamp to midscale</td></tr></table>	Mode	Type	0	Clamp to ground	1	Clamp to midscale
Mode	Type								
0	Clamp to ground								
1	Clamp to midscale								

3.1.9 Analog Source MUX Selection

Address Offset: 18h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	AI4SEL	Analog mux selection for channel 2 ADC AI4SEL=00: Channel 4 input signal is from GND AI4SEL=01: Channel 4 input signal is from GND AI4SEL=1x: Channel 4 input signal is from GND
[5:4]	R/W	AI3SEL	Analog mux selection for channel 1 ADC AI3SEL=00: Channel 4 input signal is from ACB0 AI3SEL=01: Channel 4 input signal is from ACB1 AI3SEL=1x: Channel 4 input signal is from GND
[3:2]	R/W	AI2SEL	Analog mux selection for channel 2 ADC AI2SEL=00: Channel 4 input signal is from AY0 AI2SEL=01: Channel 4 input signal is from AY1 AI2SEL=1x: Channel 4 input signal is from GND
[1:0]	R/W	AI1SEL	Analog mux selection for channel 1 ADC AI3SEL=00: Channel 4 input signal is from ACR0 AI3SEL=01: Channel 4 input signal is from ACR1 AI3SEL=1x: Channel 4 input signal is from GND

3.1.10 Y/Cb/Cr Data Switching Control

Address Offset: 19h
Default Value: 07h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	INSEL2	ADC input mux selection 0: Channel 2 ADC takes data from channel 2 (AY) 1: Channel 2 ADC takes data from channel 4 (GND)
[6]	R/W	INSEL1	0: Channel 1 ADC takes data from channel 1 (ACR) 1: Channel 1 ADC takes data from channel 3 (ACB)

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[5:4]	R/W	CBINSEL	CB input selection 0: Channel 1 1: Channel 2 2: Channel 3 3: Channel 4
[3:2]	R/W	YINSEL	Y/Luma input selection 0: Channel 1 1: Channel 2 2: Channel 3 3: Channel 4
[1:0]	R/W	CRINSEL	S-video Chroma or CR input selection 0: Channel 1 1: Channel 2 2: Channel 3 3: Channel 4

3.1.11 ADC Analog AGC Selection

Address Offset: 1Ah
Default Value: 42h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description	
[7:6]	R/W	AGC_GAINMD	Mode	Type
			0	Positive gain
			1	Positive gain 1x~2x
			2	Negative gain 1x~2x
			3	Negative gain
[5]	R/W	AGC_FreeMM	1: release dynamic gain control whenever no signal is present 0: allow dynamic gain control	
[4:2]	R/W	RESERVED		
[1]	R/W	Y_AGC_SEL	If 0, refer to ADCGSG	
			Mode	Type
			0	Static gain
			1	Dynamic gain
[0]	R/W	CR_AGC_SEL	If 0, refer to ADCRSG	
			Mode	Type
			0	Static gain
			1	Dynamic gain

3.1.12 Blank Sync Level

Address Offset: 1Ch
Default Value: C0h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BLANK_SL	

3.1.13 ADC Read-back Selection

Address Offset: 1Dh
Default Value: 80h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
-----	--------	--------	-------------

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	RBK_SEL	1: Read Max of ADC data 0: Read Min of ADC data or Average of ADC data

3.1.14 ADC Read-back Data

Address Offset: 1Eh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	RBK_ADC[7:0]	

3.1.15 ADC Read-back Data

Address Offset: 1Fh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:2]	R	RESERVED	
[1:0]	R	RBK_ADC[9:0]	

3.1.16 De-Interlaced Process & Vertical Shadow Control Register

Address Offset: 30h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 82h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	CBCR_INTERP	1: Enable CbCr interpolation 0: Disable
[6]	R/W	BLANK_LF_PR SVC	1: When Left Cropping and this bit are enabled, the original YCbCr are preserved on blank interval. 0: When Left Cropping, the original YCbCr are reset as blank color
[5]	R/W	VST_CHGSEL	1: Vsync timing change determined by 8*# of XCLK 0: Vsync timing change determined by # of hsync # can be assigned at Reg 0x3A
[4]	R/W	INT_EDGE	Interrupt polarity 1: positive 0: negative
[3]	R/W	LB_SIZE_FIXED	This bit control capture size for Scaler. 1: Hsize and Vsize are assigned by 54h ~57h 0: sizes assigned by input sources.
[2]	R/W	ENQKHS	Set 0 for normal operation
[1]	R/W	ITLCPRO	Set 1 for interlaced video Set 0 for non-interlaced video
[0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.17 Source Select Register

Address Offset: 31h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.18 Interrupt Status Register

Address Offset: 32h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6]	R	ITLCFLM	Indicates incoming video signal is interlaced
[5:0]	R/W	INTSTS	

3.1.19 Interrupt Mask Register

Address Offset: 33h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: FFh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5:0]	R/W	INTMASK	

3.1.20 Lower 8-bit Timer Counter Register

Address Offset: 35h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	TM_1MS_L [7:0]	Lower byte of the number of XCLK's in 1ms.

3.1.21 Upper 8-bit Timer Counter Register

Address Offset: 36h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 10h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	TM_1MS_H [15:8]	Higher byte of the number of XCLK's in 1ms.

3.1.22 VSYNC Missing Counter Register

Address Offset: 37h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 40h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	V_MISS_CNT	

3.1.23 Lower 8-bit HSYNC Missing Counter Register

Address Offset: 38h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_MISS_CNT_L [7:0]	

3.1.24 Upper 8-bit HSYNC Missing Counter Register

Address Offset: 39h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 10h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_MISS_CNT_L[15:8]	

3.1.25 VSYNC Delta Difference Result Register

Address Offset: 3Ah Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VSYNC_DLT[7:0]	

3.1.26 HSYNC Delta Difference Result Register

Address Offset: 3Bh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HSYNC_DLT[7:0]	

3.1.27 Input Sync Signal Detection Register

Address Offset: 3Fh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	HSTLSPVS	1:use trailing edge of hsync to sample 0:use leading edge of hsync to sample
[6]	R/W	AUTOVSD6	When the edges of vsync and hsync are too close, input detection circuit can delay vsync 6 cycle of XCLK to avoid unstable detection 1:Automatically delay 6 cycles of XCLK if CFSEEDGE is true. 0:Dealy 6 cycles of XCLK if FCVSD6 is true
[5]	R/W	FCVSD6	AUTOVSD6 FCSVSD6T 1 x Automatically delay VSync 6 XCLK if CFSEEDGE is true 0 1 Force to delay VSync 6 XCLK 0 0 No Vsync Dealy
[4]	R	CFSEEDGE	VS and HS edges are to close.
[3:2]	R/W	RESERVED	
[1]	R/W	VsHs_Sync_Edge	1: leading edge of Vsi 0: falling edge of His
[0]	R/W	VsHS_Sync_En	1:leading edge of Vsi starts at leading edge of Hsi 0:leading edge of Vsi starts at mid of Hsi

3.1.28 Left Border Cropping

Address Offset: 40h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Table 3-35 Left Border Cropping

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5:0]	R/W	CROP_LEFTB	Remove noisy pixels appearing on left border. 1LSB =1 pixel

3.1.29 VSYNC Timing Measurement Register

Address Offset: 50h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6]	R/W	HSPMD	Register 0x5c and 0x5d can be HS pulse width or hsync period 1:Period in # of pixel clock. 0:Hsync pulse width in # of pixel clock.
[5]	R	DONE_FRMXCLKCNT	When EN_FRAMEXCLKCNT is enabled, a whole frame time can be obtained through XCLK counting. See registers 0x51, 0x52 and 0x53. After this bit read back as 1, then clear EN_FRAMEXCLKCNT first before reading 0x51~0x53 values.
[4]	R/W	EN_FRAMEXCLKCNT	When input VSync changes, enable this bit to start measurement on VSync using XCLK.
[3:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.1.30 VSYNC Measurement Counter L Register

Address Offset: 51h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FRMXCLK_SUM[7:0]	

3.1.31 VSYNC Measurement Counter M Register

Address Offset: 52h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FRMXCLK_SUM[15:8]	

3.1.32 VSYNC Measurement Counter H Register

Address Offset: 53h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FRMXCLK_SUM[23:16]	

3.1.33 Hsize

Address Offset: 54h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	HSIZE[7:0]	

3.1.34 Hsize

Address Offset: 55h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	

[3:0]	R	HSIZE[11:8]	
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3.1.35 Vsize

Address Offset: 56h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	VSIZE[7:0]	

3.1.36 Vsize

Address Offset: 57h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R	VSIZE[11:8]	

3.1.37 HSYNC Period LSB Register

Address Offset: 58h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	HS_PERIOD[7:0]	HSYNC period counted by XCLK

3.1.38 HSYNC Period MSB Register

Address Offset: 59h Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	HS_PERIOD[15:8]	HSYNC period counted by XCLK

3.1.39 VSYNC Period LSB Register

Address Offset: 5Ah Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	VS_PERIOD[7:0]	VSYNC period counted by input HSYNC

3.1.40 VSYNC Period MSB Register

Address Offset: 5Bh Access: **Read Only**
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R	VS_PERIOD[11:8]	VSYNC period counted by input HSYNC

3.1.41 HSYNC Pulse Width LSB Register

Address Offset: 5Ch
 Default Value: 00h

Access: **Read Only**
 Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	HS_WIDTH[7:0]	HSYNC pulse width or period counted by dot clock See HSPMD for detail.
Note: dot clock speed is in 1-pixel-per-clock mode			

3.1.42 HSYNC Pulse Width MSB Register

Address Offset: 5Dh
 Default Value: 00h

Access: **Read Only**
 Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R	HS_WIDTH[11:8]	HSYNC pulse width or period counted by dot clock

3.1.43 VSYNC Pulse Width LSB Register

Address Offset: 5Eh
 Default Value: 00h

Access: **Read Only**
 Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	VS_WIDTH[7:0]	VSYNC pulse width counted by input HSYNC

3.1.44 VSYNC Pulse Width MSB Register

Address Offset: 5Fh
 Default Value: 00h

Access: **Read Only**
 Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R	VS_WIDTH[11:8]	VSYNC pulse width counted by input HSYNC

3.2 Picture Enhancement Register Set

3.2.1 Bandwidth of Digital Color Transient Improvement

Address Offset: 60h Access:
Default Value: 02h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	DCTI_EC	DCTI Error Correction
[6:1]	R/W	RESERVED	
[0]	R/W	DCTI_BW	0: high bandwidth 1: low bandwidth

3.2.2 Luma Peaking Control

Address Offset: 61h Access:
Default Value: 08h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	PeakingEN	
[6]	R/W	HoldLR_PIX	When this bit is enabled, the peaking doesn't affect pixels appearing at Left/Right borders.
[5:0]	R/W	PeakingCo	

3.2.3 Bandpass Peaking Coef

Address Offset: 62h Access:
Default Value: 04h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4:0]	R/W	BP_COEF	

3.2.4 Highpass Peaking Coef

Address Offset: 63h Access:
Default Value: 04h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4:0]	R/W	HP_COEF	

3.2.5 Lowpass Peaking Coef

Address Offset: 64h Access:
Default Value: 02h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	LP_COEF	

3.2.6 Gain and Coring of DLTI

Address Offset: 65h Access:
Default Value: 08h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	DLTI_GAIN	
[4:0]	R/W	DLTI_CO	

3.2.7 Gain and Coring of DCTI

Address Offset: 66h
Default Value: 08h

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	DCTI_GAIN	
[4:0]	R/W	DCTI_CO	

3.2.8 Contrast Adjust

Address Offset: 68h
Default Value: 80h

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	LumaCON	

3.2.9 Brightness Adjust

Address Offset: 69h
Default Value: 80h

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	LumaBRI	

3.2.10 Hue Sin Adjust

Address Offset: 6Ah
Default Value: 00h

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HueSin	

3.2.11 Hue Cos Adjust

Address Offset: 6Bh
Default Value: 7Fh

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HueCos	

3.2.12 Chroma Saturation Adjust

Address Offset: 6Ch
Default Value: 80h

Access:
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	ChromSat	

3.3 Scaling Register Set

3.3.1 Scaling General Control Register

Address Offset: 70h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5]	R/W	Inv_VideoF	Inv_VideoF: Reverse input odd field control for intra field scaling, only take action when ITLCPRO is set to 1.
[4]	R/W	Dclki_is_Faster	Software need to turn this bit on when the freq of input pixel clock is higher than output pixel clock.
[3]	R/W	Reserved	
[2]	R/W	Reserved	
[0]	R/W	C16_Pointer_RST	Reset coef table. 1: Reset write pointer to 0x00. 0: Don't Care

3.3.2 Scaling Coefficient Data Port Register

Address Offset: 71h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	Coef_Data_Port	

3.3.3 Horizontal Scale Step LSB Register

Address Offset: 72h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_Scale_Step [7:0]	

3.3.4 Horizontal Scale Step MSB Register

Address Offset: 73h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_Scale_Step [15:8]	

3.3.5 Vertical Scale Step LSB Register

Address Offset: 74h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	V_Scale_Step [7:0]	

3.3.6 Vertical Scale Step MSB Register

Address Offset: 75h Access: Read/Write

Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	V_Scale_Step [15:8]	

3.3.7 Horizontal Aspect Ratio Register

Address Offset: 76h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HASPR[7:0]	

3.3.8 Horizontal Aspect Ratio Register

Address Offset: 77h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	HASPEN	
[6]	R/W	HASP_C_ELG	
[5:0]	R/W	HASPR[13:8]	

3.3.9 Antialiasing Filtering

Address Offset: 78h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5:4]	R/W	LPF_AVE	3: LPF ==[0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25] 2: LPF ==[0.25 0.5 0.25] 0/1:LPF ==[0 1 0]
[3]	R/W	LPF_BND_DUP	Padding starting and ending pixels at starting and ending position.
[2]	R/W	RESERVED	
[1:0]	R/W	LPF_SHPIX	Pipelined alignment for antialiasing LPF

3.3.10 Half Sampling and Luma High Boost

Address Offset: 79h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5]	R/W	En_Half_Input	Half Sampling by pixel reduction. When this bit is enabled, P0_30h[7] must be disabled.
[4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	LumaHB[3:0]	Luma High Boost Coef

3.3.11 Chroma High Boost

Address Offset: 7Ah Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	ChromaHB[3:0]	Chroma High Boost Coef

3.3.12 Luma High Boost

Address Offset: 7Bh
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	YDrTh	Edge threshold value for 2 nd derivative of Luma

3.3.13 Chroma High Boost

Address Offset: 7Ch
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CDrTh	Edge threshold value for 2 nd derivative of Chroma

3.3.14 Scaler Frame Color Y

Address Offset: 7Dh
Default Value: 10h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	SCFR_Y	

3.3.15 Scaler Frame Color Cb

Address Offset: 7Eh
Default Value: 80h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	SCFR_Cb	

3.3.16 Scaler Frame Color Cr

Address Offset: 7Fh
Default Value: 80h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	SCFR_Cr	

3.3.17 Input Vsync Leading Edge to DE Time Counter 1/3 Register

Address Offset: 81h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	TVIBLK[7:0]	Timing counter can measure the time interval between leading edge of input vsync and first valid input pixel. This time interval is TVIBLK * (1/XCLK)

3.3.18 Input Vsync Leading Edge to DE Time Counter 2/3 Register

Address Offset: 82h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	TVIBLK [15:8]	

3.3.19 Input Vsync Leading Edge to DE Time Counter 3/3 Register

Address Offset: 83h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	TVIBLK[23:16]	

3.3.20 Line Buffer Configuration LSB Register

Address Offset: 84h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	LBPRFL[7:0]	LBPRFL can cause a time delay in XCLK count between the leading edge of input Vsync and leading edge of output Vsync.

3.3.21 Line Buffer Configuration MSB Register

Address Offset: 85h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	LBPRFL[15:8]	

3.3.22 Output Hsync Vibration Step Register

Address Offset: 86h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HSVIB	Output HSync re-map factor in vertical Active period.

3.3.23 Output Vsync Front Porch Remapping Register

Address Offset: 87h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VSFPRMP	Output HSync remap amount in vertical front porch period.

3.3.24 Left Display Border Configuration Register

Address Offset: 88h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HLDSPLB[7:0]	When Output pixel's index is less than HRDSPLB, output pixel value is assigned as left display border {FMCLRDE, FMCLRGRN, FMCLRBLU}

3.3.25 Left Display Border Configuration Register

Address Offset: 89h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	HDSPLB_INV	Horizontal border is on if HDSPLB_INV is set as follows 1: HLDSPLB < Horizontal border < HRDSPLB 0: Horizontal border < HLDSPLB or HRDSPLB < Horizontal border

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[6]	R/w	VDSPLB_INV	Vertical border is on if VDSPLB_INV is set as follows 1: VTDSPLB < VBDSPLB 0: Vertical border < VTDSPLB or VBDSPLB < Vertical border
[5]	R/W	HDSPLB_STY	Border style 1: mesh 0: solid
[4]	R/W	VDSPLB_STY	Border style 1: mesh 0: solid
[3:0]	R/W	HLDSPLB[11:8]	

3.3.26 Right Display Border Configuration LSB Register

Address Offset: 8Ah Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HRDSPLB[7:0]	When Output pixel's index is greater than HRDSPLB, output pixel value is assigned as right display border {FMCLRRDE, FMCLRGRN, FMCLRBLU}

3.3.27 Right Display Border Configuration MSB Register

Address Offset: 8Bh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	HRDSPLB[11:8]	

3.3.28 Top Display Border Configuration LSB Register

Address Offset: 8Ch Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VTDSPLB[7:0]	

3.3.29 Top Display Border Configuration MSB Register

Address Offset: 8Dh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	HDSPLB_GRID[1:0]	H grip precision, 00b: 1 pixel 01b: 4 pixels 10b: 16 pixels 11b: 32 pixels
[5:4]	R/W	VDSPLB_GRID[1:0]	V grip precision 00b: 1 line 01b: 4 lines 10b: 16 lines 11b: 32 lines
[3:0]	R/W	VTDSPLB[11:8]	

3.3.30 Bottom Display Border Configuration LSB Register

Address Offset: 8Eh

Access: Read/Write

Default Value: 00h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VBDSPLB[7:0]	

3.3.31 Bottom Display Border Configuration MSB Register

Address Offset: 8Fh

Access: Read/Write

Default Value: 00h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	VBDSPLB[11:8]	

3.4 Color Space Converter Register Set

3.4.1 Image Function Control Register

Address Offset: 90h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description	
[7:6]	R/W	GATS[1:0]	Gamma Table Select. Default=2'b00.	
			GATS[1:0]	Polarity
			2'b11	Gamma Table R
			2'b10	Gamma Table G
			2'b01	Gamma Table B
			2'b00	All 3
[5]	R/W	RESERVED		
[4]	R/W	RESERVED	Reserved	
[3]	R/W	RESERVED	Reserved	
[2]	R/W	EN_CSC	Enable CSC	
[1]	R/W	EN_GAMMA	Enable Gamma.	
[0]	R/W	EN_DITHER	Enable Dithering.	

3.4.2 Built-in Pattern Generator Control Register

Address Offset: 91h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 0Ch Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description										
[7]	R/W	EFMCLR	Enable Frame background color Turn on this bit may disable Scaler’s color and show user-defined color on LCD panel. See 0x9D, 0x9E and 0x9F for user-defined color.										
[6]	R/W	ESLDSW	This bit may enable pattern generator shows 9 patterns sequentially. <table><tr><td>EFMCLR, ESLDSW</td><td>Output</td></tr><tr><td>2'b00</td><td>Normal Color</td></tr><tr><td>2'b01</td><td>Normal Color</td></tr><tr><td>2'b10</td><td>Still pattern</td></tr><tr><td>2'b11</td><td>Motion patterns</td></tr></table>	EFMCLR, ESLDSW	Output	2'b00	Normal Color	2'b01	Normal Color	2'b10	Still pattern	2'b11	Motion patterns
EFMCLR, ESLDSW	Output												
2'b00	Normal Color												
2'b01	Normal Color												
2'b10	Still pattern												
2'b11	Motion patterns												
[5]	R/W	VBAR	1: indicate vertical gray bars 0: indicate horizontal gray bars										
[4]	R/W	PLBIT	1: indicate 8-bit patterns 0:indicate 6-bit patterns										
[3:0]	R/W	PTN	Show nth pattern on LCD panel when EFMCLR is enabled When Both EFMCLR and ESLDSW are enabled, pattern generator may show 0, 1 ,2 ...up to PTNth. There are 12 parrerns we can show on LCD panel.										

3.4.3 GAMMA Table Address Port Register

Address Offset: 93h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	GAMMA_ADR	Gamma coefficient table address. The Index range is 00h~20h

3.4.4 GAMMA Table Write Data Port Register

Address Offset: 94h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	GAMMA_WR_D	Gamma coefficient write data port.

3.4.5 Black Level Expansion Threshold

Address Offset: 95h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 10h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BLE_TH	

3.4.6 VIP Black level Expansion Gain / Offset Control Register

Address Offset: 96h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	BLE_GAIN	
[3:2]	R/W	RESERVED	
[1:0]	R/W	BLE_OFFSET	

3.4.7 CSC Y Coef

Address Offset: 97h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 95h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	YCoefCSC	1.7-bit fixed point

3.4.8 CSC Red Coef of Cr

Address Offset: 98h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: CCh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CrCoef_R	1.7-bit fixed point

3.4.9 CSC Green Coef of Cb

Address Offset: 99h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 64h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CbCoef_G	0.8-bit fixed point

3.4.10 CSC Green Coef of Cr

Address Offset: 9Ah Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: D0h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CrCoef_G	0.8-bit fixed point

3.4.11 CSC Blue Coef of Cb

Address Offset: 9Bh
Default Value: 81h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CbCoef_B	2.6-bit fixed point

3.4.12 Pattern Color Gradient & Dithering Mode Register

Address Offset: 9Ch
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description										
[7:4]	R/W	CLRGRDT[3:0]	When both ESLDSW and EFMCLR are enabled, CLRGRDT may set color gradient at pattern 2, 3 ,4, 5										
[3:2]	R/W	RESERVED											
[1:0]	R/W	DITHER_MD	Dithering mode. It is enabled by register 90h. <table><tr><th>DITHER_MD</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>2'b00</td><td>4-bit output</td></tr><tr><td>2'b01</td><td>5-bit output</td></tr><tr><td>2'b10</td><td>6-bit output</td></tr><tr><td>2'b11</td><td>7-bit output</td></tr></table>	DITHER_MD	Output	2'b00	4-bit output	2'b01	5-bit output	2'b10	6-bit output	2'b11	7-bit output
DITHER_MD	Output												
2'b00	4-bit output												
2'b01	5-bit output												
2'b10	6-bit output												
2'b11	7-bit output												

3.4.13 Frame Color Red Configuration Register

Address Offset: 9Dh
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FMCLRRDE	8 bits of red color depth for frame color.

3.4.14 Frame Color Green Configuration Register

Address Offset: 9Eh
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FMCLRGRN	8 bits of green color depth for frame color.

3.4.15 Frame Color Blue Configuration Register

Address Offset: 9Fh
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	FMCLRBLU	8 bits of blue color depth for frame color.

3.5 OSD Register Set

(For detail OSD description, please refer to 2 Theory of Operation--OSD section.)

3.5.1 OSD Configuration Index Port Register

Address Offset: A0h Access: Write Only
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	W	OSD_CFG_INDEX	OSD Configuration Address Port

3.5.2 OSD Configuration Data Port Register

Address Offset: A1h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	OSD_CFG_DATA	OSD Configuration Data Port

3.5.3 OSD RAM Address Port LSB Register

Address Offset: A2h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	OSD_RAM_AL	OSD RAM Address Port LSB

3.5.4 OSD RAM Address Port MSB Register

Address Offset: A3h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	OSD_RAM_AH	OSD RAM Address Port MSB

3.5.5 OSD RAM Data Port Register

Address Offset: A4h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	OSD_RAM_D	OSD RAM Data Port

3.5.6 Reserved

Address Offset: A5h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.6 LCD Output Control Register Set

3.6.1 Display Window Horizontal Start LSB Register

Address Offset: B0h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	DWHS_L	Horizontal back porch.

3.6.2 Display Window Horizontal Start MSB Register

Address Offset: B1h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	DWHS_H	Horizontal back porch

3.6.3 Display Window Vertical Start LSB Register

Address Offset: B2h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	DWVS_L	Vertical back porch.

3.6.4 Display Window Vertical Start MSB Register

Address Offset: B3h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	DWVS_H	Vertical back porch

3.6.5 Display Window Horizontal Width LSB Register

Address Offset: B4h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	DWHSZ_L	Horizontal Active.

3.6.6 Display Window Horizontal Width MSB Register

Address Offset: B5h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	DWHSZ_H	Horizontal Active.

3.6.7 Display Window Vertical Width LSB Register

Address Offset: B6h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	DWVSZ_L	Vertical Active.

3.6.8 Display Window Vertical Width MSB Register

Address Offset: B7h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	DWVSZ_H	

3.6.9 Display Panel Horizontal Total Dots per Scan Line LSB Register

Address Offset: B8h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	PH_TOT_L	Output horizontal total dots

3.6.10 Display Panel Horizontal Total Dots per Scan Line MSB Register

Address Offset: B9h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	PH_TOT_H	

3.6.11 Display Panel Vertical Total Lines per Frame LSB Register

Address Offset: BAh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	PV_TOT_L	Output vertical total lines

3.6.12 Display Panel Vertical Total Lines per Frame MSB Register

Address Offset: BBh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	PV_TOT_H	

3.6.13 Display Panel HSYNC Width LSB Register

Address Offset: BCh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	PH_PW_L	

3.6.14 Display Panel HSYNC Width MSB Register

Address Offset: BDh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	

[3:0]	R/W	PH_PW_H	
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3.6.15 Display Panel VSYNC Width LSB Register

Address Offset: BEh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	PV_PW_L	

3.6.16 Display Panel VSYNC Width MSB Register

Address Offset: BFh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	PV_PW_H	

3.6.17 Panel Output Signal Control 1 Register

Address Offset: C0h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 01h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description						
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED							
[5]	R/W	EN_SPANEL	Enable Serial RGB panel interface						
[4]	R/W	RESERVED							
[3]	R/W	DAT_NEG	1:Negative RGB Data 0:Positive RGB Data						
[2]	R/W	POUT_CTL1[2]	PHSYNC Polarity. Default=0. <table><tr><td>POUT_CTL1[2]</td><td>Polarity</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>ACTIVE LOW</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>ACTIVE HIGH</td></tr></table>	POUT_CTL1[2]	Polarity	0	ACTIVE LOW	1	ACTIVE HIGH
POUT_CTL1[2]	Polarity								
0	ACTIVE LOW								
1	ACTIVE HIGH								
[1]	R/W	POUT_CTL1[1]	PVSYNC Polarity. Default=0. <table><tr><td>POUT_CTL1[1]</td><td>Polarity</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>ACTIVE LOW</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>ACTIVE HIGH</td></tr></table>	POUT_CTL1[1]	Polarity	0	ACTIVE LOW	1	ACTIVE HIGH
POUT_CTL1[1]	Polarity								
0	ACTIVE LOW								
1	ACTIVE HIGH								
[0]	R/W	POUT_CTL1[0]	PDE polarity. Default=0. <table><tr><td>POUT_CTL1[0]</td><td>Polarity</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>ACTIVE LOW</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>ACTIVE HIGH</td></tr></table>	POUT_CTL1[0]	Polarity	0	ACTIVE LOW	1	ACTIVE HIGH
POUT_CTL1[0]	Polarity								
0	ACTIVE LOW								
1	ACTIVE HIGH								

3.6.18 Panel Output Signal Control 3 Register

Address Offset: C1h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description	
[7]	R/W	SSCEN	Spread spectrum clock	
[6:5]	R/W	RESERVED		
[3]	R/W	DCLK_INV	DCLK Polarity. Default=0.	
			DCLK_INV	Mode
			0	Normal
			1	Inverted

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[2:1]	R/W	RESERVED	
[0]	R/W	DDR_SDRV	1:DDR source driver 0:SDR source driver

3.6.19 Panel VSYNC Frame Delay Control Register

Address Offset: C2h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	VO_INTERLACE	Convert interlaced input timing for Output timing generation.
[6:5]	R/W	HSO_to_VSO_DLY	0= 0-pixel clocks behind HSO 1=2-pixel clocks behind HSO 2=4-pixel clocks behind HSO 3=6-pixel clocks behind HSO
[4]	R/W	PSYNC_STR	1:Block input vsync triggering on output vsync 0: Allow input vsync to trigger output vsync
[3]	R/W	ELASTPHS	0= Short line, i.e., last hsync is less than 1.0 line 1= Long line, i.e.,last hsync is greater than 1.0 line
[2]	R/W	EN_SAVE_REC	Save recovery mode
[1]	R/W	IGNORE_VSYNC	Ignore the input VSYNC. This can be used for output free run when input VSYN is not available
[0]	R/W	Reserved	

3.6.20 Panel VSYNC Frame Delay Line Count LSB Register

Address Offset: C3h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	PV_DELAY_L	

3.6.21 Panel VSYNC Frame Delay Line Count MSB Register

Address Offset: C4h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	PV_DELAY_H	Delay last stage VSync output, in the unit of output HSync leading edge.

3.6.22 Serial RGB Output Interface

Address Offset: C5h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 22h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6]	R/W	SPL_VS_1T	For Serial RGB interface, Vsync pulse width can be programmed as 1 or more cycles wide, 1:1 cycle wide 0:see P0_BEh,P0_BFh

[5]	R/W	SPL_HS_1T	For Serial RGB interface, Hsync pulse width can be programmed as 1 or more cycles wide, 1:1 cycle wide 0:see P0_BCh,P0_BDh
[4:2]	R/W	RESERVED	
[1:0]	R/W	SPL_SYNCPH	Sync tip can appears at position 0,1 or 2, Where 2 stands for B, 1 for G, 0 for R 3 is not allowed.

3.6.23 Output RGB Reordering Register

Address Offset: C7h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description																		
[7]	R/W	RGB3XSEQ	Serial RGB output sequence 1:210-210-210 0:012-012-012, where 2 stands for B, 1 for G, 0 for R																		
[6]	R/W	RGB_CFRT	Shift Right/Left RGB 1: GBR 0: BRG																		
[5]	R/W	RGB_CFLT	Color Filter Line Toggling 1:Odd line,i.e.,1,3,5... 0:Even line, ie, 2, 4, 6...																		
[4]	R/W	RGB_CFMD	Color Filter Type 1:Delta 0:Strip																		
[3]	R/W	BIGENDIANE	0: Ro/Go/Bo[7:0] 1: Ro/Go/Bo[0:7]																		
[2:0]	R/W	RGBSWAPE	<table><tr><th>RGBSWAPE</th><th>Ro Go Bo</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Ri Gi Bi</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Ri Bi Gi</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Gi Bi Ri</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Gi Ri Bi</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Bi Ri Gi</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Bi Gi Ri</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>Bi Ri Gi</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>Bi Gi Ri</td></tr></table>	RGBSWAPE	Ro Go Bo	0	Ri Gi Bi	1	Ri Bi Gi	2	Gi Bi Ri	3	Gi Ri Bi	4	Bi Ri Gi	5	Bi Gi Ri	6	Bi Ri Gi	7	Bi Gi Ri
RGBSWAPE	Ro Go Bo																				
0	Ri Gi Bi																				
1	Ri Bi Gi																				
2	Gi Bi Ri																				
3	Gi Ri Bi																				
4	Bi Ri Gi																				
5	Bi Gi Ri																				
6	Bi Ri Gi																				
7	Bi Gi Ri																				

3.6.24 Output PLL Divider 1 Register

Address Offset: C8h
Default Value: 15h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	Reserved	
[6:0]	R/W	PLLDIV_F	PLL feedback divider. Default=21.

3.6.25 Output PLL Divider 2 Register

Address Offset: C9h
Default Value: 02h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
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[7:5]	R/W	Reserved	
[4:0]	R/W	PLLDIV_I	PLL Input Divider. Default=2.

3.6.26 Output PLL Divider 3 Register

Address Offset: CAh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 03h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	PLLMX	PLL MUX Function Select
			PLLMX Mode
			2'b00 PLLCLK
			2'b01 Bypass PLL
			2'b10 Keep High
			2'b11 Keep High
[5]	R/W	PLLPD	Power down Display PLL . high active
[4]	R/W	PLLDIV2	0:PLLDIV_O=PLLDIV_O+0 1:PLLDIV_O=PLLDIV_O+1
[3:2]	R/W	DPLL_EXDIV	PLL additional divider 0: divided by 2, only valid when Serial RGB is enabled 1: divided by 4, only valid when Serial RGB is enabled 2: reserved 3: reserved
[1:0]	R/W	PLLDIV_O	PLL Output Divider. Default=1.

3.6.27 Digital Phase Delay

Address Offset: CBh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	PHASE_1	Phase of CPH1
[3:0]	R/W	DIVN	

3.6.28 Digital Phase Delay

Address Offset: CCh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	PHASE_3	Phase of CPH3
[3:0]	R/W	PHASE_2	Phase of CPH2

3.6.29 Horizontal Main Display Start

Address Offset: D8h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HMDISP_STR	

3.6.30 Horizontal Main Display Start

Address Offset: D9h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	HMDISP_STR	

3.6.31 Vertical Main Display Start

Address Offset: DAh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VMDISP_STR	

3.6.32 Vertical Main Display Start

Address Offset: DBh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	VMDISP_STR	

3.6.33 Horizontal Main Display Size

Address Offset: DCh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HMDISP_SIZE	

3.6.34 Horizontal Main Display Size

Address Offset: DDh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 05h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	HMDISP_SIZE	

3.6.35 Vertical Main Display Size

Address Offset: DEh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VMDISP_SIZE	

3.6.36 Vertical Main Display Size

Address Offset: DFh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 04h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	VMDISP_SIZE	

3.6.37 Power Management Control Register

Address Offset: E0h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 1Ch Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
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Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	TPDB	Default=1. When writing 0 to this bit, power down output pads except CPH1, CPH2 and CPH3
[6]	R/W	PDCLB	1=Power down line memory of video decoder 0=normal operation
[5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4]	R/W	PDC_B	Power Down Comb Video Decoder. For internal software test. Low active.
[3]	R/W	CPH3_OEN	CPH3 Output enabled. Low active
[2]	R/W	CPH2_OEN	CPH2 Output enabled. Low active
[1]	R/W	CPH1_OEN	CPH1 Output enabled. Low active
[0]	R/W	PWDNTC	Power Down DC Interface. Low active.

3.6.38 Output Pin Configuration

Address Offset: E1h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description										
[7:6]	R/W	RowSTV_Sel	<table><tr><th>RowSTV_Sel</th><th>Mode</th></tr><tr><td>2'b00</td><td>Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV</td></tr><tr><td>2'b01</td><td>Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV</td></tr><tr><td>2'b10</td><td>Output STV1, STV2 Tri-stated</td></tr><tr><td>2'b11</td><td>Output STV2, STV1 Tri-stated</td></tr></table>	RowSTV_Sel	Mode	2'b00	Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV	2'b01	Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV	2'b10	Output STV1, STV2 Tri-stated	2'b11	Output STV2, STV1 Tri-stated
			RowSTV_Sel	Mode									
			2'b00	Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV									
			2'b01	Pin STV2 = ColDrvRst, STV1=STV									
			2'b10	Output STV1, STV2 Tri-stated									
			2'b11	Output STV2, STV1 Tri-stated									
[5:4]	R/W	ColSTH_Sel	<table><tr><th>ColSTH_Sel</th><th>Mode</th></tr><tr><td>2'b00</td><td>Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH</td></tr><tr><td>2'b01</td><td>Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH</td></tr><tr><td>2'b10</td><td>Output STH1, STH2 Tri-stated</td></tr><tr><td>2'b11</td><td>Output STH2, STH1 Tri-stated</td></tr></table>	ColSTH_Sel	Mode	2'b00	Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH	2'b01	Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH	2'b10	Output STH1, STH2 Tri-stated	2'b11	Output STH2, STH1 Tri-stated
			ColSTH_Sel	Mode									
			2'b00	Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH									
			2'b01	Pin STH2=INVO, Pin STH1=STH									
			2'b10	Output STH1, STH2 Tri-stated									
			2'b11	Output STH2, STH1 Tri-stated									
[3]	R/W	UD_SEL	Panel Up/Down control										
[2]	R/W	LR_SEL	Panel Right/Left control										
[1]	R/W	Ext_POLC_sel	1: Takes external POL through LP. 0: Internal POL										
[0]	R/W	PTsync_sel	Pin VSO and HSO have two functions under TCON mode, 1: Output VSO and HSO. 0: Output TCON signals										

3.6.39 Shadow Control

Address Offset: E2h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	Reserved	
[4]	R/W	Shadow_enable	
[3:1]	R/W	Reserved	
[0]	R/W	Shadow_update_set	

3.6.40 DAC Power Management

Address Offset: E3h
Default Value: 70h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
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[7]	R/W	PDBIAS	1:Power down whole analog block 0:Power on individual analog block.
[6]	R/W	PDINV	1:Power down backlight inverter 0:Power on backlight inverter
[5]	R/W	PDLED	1:Power down LED power 0:Power on LED power
[4]	R/W	PDDC	1: Power Down DC-DC 0: Power On DC-DC
[3]	R/W	SL	1:Power Down DAC RGB 0:Power on DAC RGB
[2]	R/W	SLR	1:Power Down DAC R 0:Power on DAC R
[1]	R/W	SLG	1:Power Down DAC G 0:Power on DAC G
[0]	R/W	SLB	1:Power Down DAC B 0:Power on DAC B

3.6.41 DAC Amplitude Control

Address Offset: E4h
Default Value: 0Fh

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4:0]	R/W	DACAMP	Fine-tune IOR/IOG/IOB amplitude

3.6.42 VCOM Amplitude Control

Address Offset: E5h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	PDVCOM	1:Power down VCOM 0:Enable VCOM
[6:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4:0]	R/W	VCOMA	32-step VCOM amplitude control 0.5vpp ~1.0vpp

3.6.43 VCOM DC Control

Address Offset: E6h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4:0]	R/W	VCOMDC	32-step VCOM DC control 0.0v ~2.0v

3.6.44 OSC Clock Buffering Control

Address Offset: E7h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	XCLTO_OEN	This bit can enable/disable pin XCLK2MC 0: Enable output 1: Disable output

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[6:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.6.45 PWM General Control Register

Address Offset: E8h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 07h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[4]	R/W	VPWME	Enable Volume PWM
[3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	VPWM_FREQ_SEL	This register allow base clock has 7 types of clock freqs divided from XCLK . 000 = XCLK/2 ³ 001 = XCLK/2 ⁵ 010 = XCLK/2 ⁷ 011 =XCLK/2 ⁹ 100 =XCLK/2 ¹¹ 101= XCLK/2 ¹³ 110=XCLK/2 ¹⁵ 111=XCLK/2 ¹⁷

3.6.46 PWM Active High Time Counter Register

Address Offset: E9h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 80h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VPWM_HIGH	This register can allow PWM1 high time counted by base clock The base clock can be divided from XCLK , see 0xE8[2:0]

3.6.47 PWM2 General Control Register

Address Offset: EAh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 07h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	PWMTCON	1: Pin UD == INV_STV, Pin RL ==INV_STH, Pin PWM2==INV_GCLK 0:Pin PWM2 ==PWM2
[6]	R/W	PWM_ADP	1:Adjustable duty and period. High time is determined by VPWM2_HIGH[7:4]. Low time is VPWM2_HIGH[3:0] 0:fixed period
[5]	R/W	PWM2inSyncVS	1:sync with output vsync 0:Free run
[4]	R/W	VPWME2	Enable PWM2
[3]	R/W	RESERVED	

[2:0]	R/W	VPWM_FREQ_SEL2	This register allows base clock has 7 types of clock frequencies divided from XCLK. 000 = XCLK/2 ⁰ 001 = XCLK/2 ¹ 010 = XCLK/2 ² 011 =XCLK/2 ³ 100 =XCLK/2 ⁴ 101= XCLK/2 ⁵ 110=XCLK/2 ⁶ 111=XCLK/2 ⁷
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3.6.48 PWM2 Active High Time Counter Register

Address Offset: EBh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 80h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	VPWM2_HIGH	This register can allow volume PWM2 high time counted by base clock The base clock can be divided from XCLK , see 0xEA[2:0]

3.6.49 Backlight Inverter Dimming Control

Address Offset: ECh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 80h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	OLPEN	Open lamp protection enable
[6:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	BLDIM	7= 100% 6= 90% ... 0=10%

3.6.50 Serial Bus Slave Device Address Register

Address Offset: F0h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 40h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	SDADDR	
[3:0]	R/W	Reserved	

3.6.51 2-wire Serial Bus Select Register

Address Offset: F1h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description						
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED							
[3]	R/w	RESERVED							
[2]	R/W	I2CATINCAADR	Enable 2-wire serial bus automatic address increment in multiple R/W Access mode. Default=1'b1. <table><tr><td>Mode</td><td>INC</td></tr><tr><td>1'b0</td><td>Stop INC</td></tr><tr><td>1'b1</td><td>Auto INC</td></tr></table>	Mode	INC	1'b0	Stop INC	1'b1	Auto INC
Mode	INC								
1'b0	Stop INC								
1'b1	Auto INC								
[1:0]	R/W	RESERVED							

3.6.52 Vendor ID 1 Register

Address Offset: F3h

Access: **Read Only**

Default Value: 54h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	VID_L	Reading this register obtains ASCII code "T". Hex value is 54h

3.6.53 Vendor ID 2 Register

Address Offset: F4h

Access: **Read Only**

Default Value: 57h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	VID_H	Reading this register obtains ASCII code "W".

3.6.54 Device ID Register

Address Offset: F5h

Access: **Read Only**

Default Value: D2h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	DID	This field puts a part number in Hex "D2".

3.6.55 Revision ID Register

Address Offset: F6h

Access: **Read Only**

Default Value: A2h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	RID	This field puts a revision number in Hex "A2".

3.6.56 Page Selection Register

Address Offset: FFh

Access: Read/Write

Default Value: 00h

Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	PAGE[2:0]	

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3.7 TCON Register Set

3.7.1 Timing Controller (TCON) Control Register

Address Offset: 20h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6]	R/W	DDR_GDRV	Enable DDR gate driver Mode 0 Type 1 1 line /GCLK 2 lines/GCLK
[5]	R/W	GTOE	Enable gate driver output Mode 0 Type 1 Shutdown output Enable output
[4]	R/W	DBS_Cedge	Clocking edge of STV When DBS_STV15 is enabled, DBS_Cedge can control STV alignment with falling edge or rising edge of GCLK Mode 0 Type 1 Falling edge of GCLK Rising edge of GCLK
[3]	R/W	DBS_STV15	STV 1.5-line wide Mode 0 Type 1 1 line wide 1.5 line wide
[2]	R/W	DBSCAN	Gate driver Scanning control Mode 0 Type 1 1 GCLK/line 2 GCLKs/line
[1]	R/W	Q1HPL	Q1H polarity Mode 0 Type 1 Negative Positive
[0]	R/W	PNINV	Enable line-inverted function.

3.7.2 Timing Protocol & Polarity Control Register

Address Offset: 21h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 7Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	DRVSTPL	Source Driver Reset Polarity When P0_E1[7:6] is not 3, Pin STV2 becomes the reset of source driver.

[6]	R/W	GTOEPL	This bit can control GOE polarity Mode 0 Low-active 1 Highactive
[5]	R/W	STVPL	Row Driver start pulse polarity Mode 0 Negative 1 Positive
[4]	R/W	CLKVPL	CLKV Polarity Mode 0 Negative 1 Positive
[3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2]	R/W	POLPL	Source Driver POL inversion polarity Mode 0 Negative 1 Positive
[1]	R/W	LPPL	Source Driver Latch Pulse polarity Mode 0 Negative 1 Positive
[0]	R/W	STHPL	Source Driver Start Pulse polarity Mode 0 Negative 1 Positive

3.7.3 Source Driver Latch Pulse Placement LSB Register

Address Offset: 22h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 03h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CDLPPLM[7:0]	This register allows LP to place in between 2 DE pulses counted by LLCK dot clock The reference point is the rising edge of DE.

3.7.4 Source Driver Latch Pulse Placement MSB Register

Address Offset: 23h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	CDLPPLM[11:8]	This register allows LP to place in between 2 DE pulses counted by LLCK dot clock The reference point is the rising edge of DE.

3.7.5 Source Driver Latch Pulse Duration Control Register

Address Offset: 24h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 21h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CDLPDU[7:0]	This register allows LP duration programmable. counted by LLCK dot clock.

3.7.6 POL Placement LSB Register

Address Offset: 25h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	POLPLM[7:0]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE.

3.7.7 POL Placement MSB Register

Address Offset: 26h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	POLPLM[11:8]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE.

3.7.8 CLKV Placement LSB Register

Address Offset: 27h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CLKVPLM[7:0]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE

3.7.9 CLKV Placement MSB Register

Address Offset: 28h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	CLKVPLM[11:8]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE

3.7.10 CLKV Duration LSB Register

Address Offset: 29h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 0Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CLKVDU[7:0]	The reference point is leading edge of DE

3.7.11 CLKV Duration MSB Register

Address Offset: 2Ah Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	CLKVDU[11:8]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE

3.7.12 STH Position Placement Register

Address Offset: 2Bh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 01h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	

[6:4]	R/W	STHWTH	The width of STH 000=1 CLKH wide 001=2 CLKHs wide ... 111= 8 CLKHs wide
[3]	R/W	RESERVED	
[2:0]	R/W	STHPLM[2:0]	This register allows STH to lead DE -3~3 CLKHs 011= 3 CLKHs 010= 2 CLKHs ... 111= -3 CLKHs

3.7.13 Reserved

Address Offset: 2Ch Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	RESERVED	

3.7.14 Gate Driver Predriving

Address Offset: 2Dh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 05h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	GDPReDu	

3.7.15 Second CLKV Placement LSB Register

Address Offset: 2Eh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 68h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	DBCLKVPLM[7:0]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE

3.7.16 Second CLKV Placement MSB Register

Address Offset: 2Fh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 01h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	DBCLKVPLM[11:8]	The reference point is the leading edge of DE

3.7.17 Gate Driver Configuration Register

Address Offset: 30h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:1]	R/W	RESERVED	
[0]	R/W	ESTVOFFSET	1: allow STV offset 0: STV appears at 1 st DE

3.7.18 Gate Driver OE Pulse Position Placement LSB Register

Address Offset: 31h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 0Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	GOEPL[7:0]	

3.7.19 Gate Driver OE Pulse Position Placement MSB Register

Address Offset: 32h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	GOEPL[11:8]	

3.7.20 Gate Driver OE Pulse Duration LSB Register

Address Offset: 33h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 0Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	GOEDU[7:0]	

3.7.21 Gate Driver OE Pulse Duration MSB Register

Address Offset: 34h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3:0]	R/W	GOEDU[11:8]	

3.7.22 STV Offset Register

Address Offset: 35h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	STVOFF[7:0]	

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3.8 Y/C Separation and Chroma Decoder Register Set

3.8.1 Video Source Selection of Comb Filter

Address Offset: 00h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5]	R/W	HPIX	Pixels per scan line. 0: 858 pixels 1: 864 pixels
[4]	R/W	VSLine_625	The number of scan lines per frame. 0 = 525 1 = 625
[3:1]	R/W	STD_MD	These bits select Standard Definition TV video mode. 000 = NTSC 001 = PAL (I,B,G,H,D,N) 010 = PAL (M) 011 = PAL (CN) 100 = SECAM
[0]	R/W	YC_SEL	This selects input video format. 0 = CVBS composite 1 = S-Video

3.8.2 Bandwidth Control

Address Offset: 01h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 09h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	CMPV_INV	Specify analog input multiplexing mode during component video mode. 0 = non-inverted 1 = inverted
[6]	R/W	CMPV_SEL	0= S-video or CVBS 1 =YPbPr compoent video input, when this bit is on, P2_C1[0] is recommend to turn on as well.
[5:4]	R/W	LUMA_NOTCH_BW	luma notch filter bandwidth 00 = none 01 = narrow 10 = medium 11 = wide
[3:2]	R/W	CHROMA_LP_BW	Chroma low pass filter bandwidth 0 = narrow 1 = wide 2 = extra wide 3 = extra wide
[1]	R/W	CHROMA_BST5OR10	This bit selects the burst gate width 0 = 5 subcarrier clock cycles 1 = 10 subcarrier clock cycles
[0]	R/W	PedBlk	Blank-to-black pedestal enable. 0 = no pedestal subtraction 1 = pedestal subtraction

3.8.3 Y/C AGC Enable

Address Offset: 02h
Default Value: 4Fh

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	GAIN_UPDATE	Gain updating mode. 0 = per line 1 = per field
[6]	R/W	MV_LAGC_MD	Set 1 to allow the gain reduced (P2_04) by 25% when macro-vision encoded signal is detected 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
[5:4]	R/W	DC_CLAMP_MD	DC clamping position 00 = auto 01 = backporch only 10 = syncip only 11 = off
[3]	R/W	DGAIN_EN	Enable coarse digital AGC. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
[2]	R/W	RESERVED	
[1]	R/W	C_AGC_EN	Enable adaptive chroma AGC 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
[0]	R/W	L_AGC_EN	Enable adaptive luma AGC 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

3.8.4 Comb Filtering Mode

Address Offset: 03h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	RESERVED	
[3]	R/W	Color_Trap	Notch filter at the luma path after the comb filter. 0 = Disabled 1 = Enabled
[2:0]	R/W	COMB_MD	000 = 2-D adaptive comb filter 010 = 5-tap adaptive comb filter (PAL mode only) 011 = must be used for S-Video 110 = 5-tap hybrid adaptive comb filter (PAL mode only) others = reserved.

3.8.5 Luma AGC Target Value

Address Offset: 04h
Default Value: DDh

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
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[7:0]	R/W	AGC_LEVEL	Luma AGC target value Note that if a MacroVision signal is detected P2_02[6] is set, then this value is automatically reduced by 25%.														
			<table><tr><th>Standard</th><th>Programming Value</th></tr><tr><td>NTSC M</td><td>DDh (221d)</td></tr><tr><td>NTSC J</td><td>CDh (205d)</td></tr><tr><td>PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN, SECAM</td><td>DCh (220d)</td></tr><tr><td>PAL M,N</td><td>DDh (221d)</td></tr><tr><td>NTSC M (MACROVISION)</td><td>A6h (166d)</td></tr><tr><td>PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN (MACROVISION)</td><td>AEh (174d)</td></tr></table>	Standard	Programming Value	NTSC M	DDh (221d)	NTSC J	CDh (205d)	PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN, SECAM	DCh (220d)	PAL M,N	DDh (221d)	NTSC M (MACROVISION)	A6h (166d)	PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN (MACROVISION)	AEh (174d)
Standard	Programming Value																
NTSC M	DDh (221d)																
NTSC J	CDh (205d)																
PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN, SECAM	DCh (220d)																
PAL M,N	DDh (221d)																
NTSC M (MACROVISION)	A6h (166d)																
PAL B,D,G,H,I, CN (MACROVISION)	AEh (174d)																

3.8.6 Noise Threshold

Address Offset: 05h
Default Value: 32h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	Noise_Thold	This register sets the noise value for the circuit to consider a signal noisy. The detected noise value can be read back through register P2_7Fh. If the detected noise value is greater than Noise_Thold, then register P2_3C[3] is set.

3.8.7 Y/C Output Control

Address Offset: 07h
Default Value: 20h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5:4]	R/W	BLUE_SCREEN	This bit controls the blue screen mode. 00 = Disabled 01 = Enabled 10 = Auto 11 = Reserved
[3:0]	R/W	YC_DELAY	The range is [-5,7]

3.8.8 Luma Contrast

Address Offset: 08h
Default Value: 80h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CONTRAST	$Luma_{out} = Luma_{in} * CONTRAST$ where CONTRAST is a 1.7-bit fixed point value.

3.8.9 Luma Brightness

Address Offset: 09h
Default Value: 20h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BRIGHTNESS	$Luma_{out} = Luma_{in} + BRIGHTNESS - 32$

3.8.10 Chroma Saturation

Address Offset: 0Ah
Default Value: 80h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	SATURATION	$Chroma_out = Chroma_in * SATURATION$ where SATURATION is a 1.7-bit fixed point value

3.8.11 Chroma Hue Phase

Address Offset: 0Bh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	HUE	$U_out = U_in * \cos(HUE/256*360) + V_in * \sin(HUE/256*360)$ $V_out = V_in * \cos(HUE/256*360) - U_in * \sin(HUE/256*360)$

3.8.12 Chroma AGC

Address Offset: 0Ch Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 8Ah Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	CHROMA_AGC	Chroma AGC target.

3.8.13 Chroma Kill

Address Offset: 0Dh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 07h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	Ckill_MD	0= uses auto hardware chroma kill 1= forces chroma kill on 2= forces chroma kill off
[5]	R/W	VBI_Ckill	1: chroma is killed during VBI 0: None
[4]	R/W	HLock_Ckill	Chroma is killed whenever horizontal locking is lost
[3:0]	R/W	LVL_Ckill	The chroma kill level

3.8.14 AGC Peak Nomial

Address Offset: 10h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 0Ah Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	RESERVED	
[6:0]	R/W	AGC_PEAK	Luma peak white value For internal detection, H/W takes $4*(Agc_peak+128)$

3.8.15 AGC Peak and Gate Control

Address Offset: 11h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: A9h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	AGC_Gt_Coarse_Vs	Coarse synctip and backporch gates are forced to be used during vsync when VCR signal is detected
[6]	R/W	AGC_Gt_Stip_Vs	Synctip clamping is enabled during vsync
[5:4]	R/W	AGC_GT_KillMD	Synctip and backporch gates can be suppressed by 00 = off 01 = enabled, if synctip gate is killed, kill backporch gate 10 = enabled, if synctip gate is killed, kill backporch gate, except during vsync 11 = enabled, if synctip gate is killed, do not kill backporch gate
[3]	R/W	AGC_Peak_En	Enable AGC peak white detector

[2:0]	R/W	AGC_Peak_CST	Time constant for the AGC peak white detector
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3.8.16 Chroma DTO Incremental 0

Address Offset: 18h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 21h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	CHROMA_FREQ_FIX	Fixed chroma frequency. 0: disable 1: enable
[6]		RESERVED	
[5:0]	R/W	C_FREQ[29:24]	Bits 29:24 of the 30-bit-wide chroma frequency increment.

3.8.17 Chroma DTO Incremental 1

Address Offset: 19h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: F0h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	C_FREQ[23:16]	Bits 23:16 of the 30-bit-wide chroma frequency increment.

3.8.18 Chroma DTO Incremental 2

Address Offset: 1Ah Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 7Ch Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	C_FREQ[15:8]	Bits 15:8 of the 30-bit-wide chroma frequency increment.

3.8.19 Chroma DTO Incremental 3

Address Offset: 1Bh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 0Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	C_FREQ[7:0]	Bits 7:0 of the 30-bit-wide chroma frequency increment.

3.8.20 Chroma Burst Gate Start Time

Address Offset: 2Ch Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 23h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BST_GT_STR	The start of the burst gate window

3.8.21 Chroma Burst Gate End Time

Address Offset: 2Dh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 64h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	BST_GT_END	the end of the burst gate window

3.8.22 Active Video Horizontal Start Time

Address Offset: 2Eh Access: Read/Write

Default Value: 82h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_START	Active video horizontal start position

3.8.23 Active Video Horizontal Width

Address Offset: 2Fh Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 50h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	H_WIDTH	Active video horizontal pixel counts. An offset 640 is added to this register Default is (640+80)

3.8.24 Active Video Vertical Start

Address Offset: 30h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 22h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	V_START	Active video vertical line start position. The number of half lines from the start of a field.

3.8.25 Active Video Vertical Height

Address Offset: 31h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 61h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R/W	V_HEIGHT	Active video vertical line counts. An offset 384 is added to this register. Default is (384+97) 481 half lines

3.8.26 Vsync Time Constant

Address Offset: 39h Access: Read/Write
 Default Value: 0Ah Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R/W	FLD_POL	Set field polarity during decoding 0 : 1 for odd fields, 0 for even fields 1 : 0 for odd fields, 1 for even fields
[6]	R/W	FLIP_FLD	Flips even/odd fields during decoding
[5]	R/W	Even_DetDLY	Delay detection of even fields by 1 vertical line
[4]	R/W	Odd_DetDLY	Delay detection of odd fields by 1 vertical line
[3:2]	R/W	RESERVED	Set 2 for normal operation
[1:0]	R/W	VLoop_TCST	Vertical PLL time constant 0 = fast 1 = moderate 2 = slow 3 = very slow

3.8.27 Comb Video Status Register 1

Address Offset: 3Ah Access: Read only
 Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:5]	R	MV_CLR_STP	Macrovision color stripes detected. MV_CLR_STP indicates the number of color stripe lines in each group

[4]	R	MV_VBI_DET	MacroVision VBI pseudo-sync pulses detection 1 = Detected 0 = Not Found
[3]	R	ChromaLock	Chroma PLL locked to color burst 1 = Locked 0 = Unlocked
[2]	R	Vlock	Vertical lock 1 = Locked 0 = Unlocked
[1]	R	Hlock	Horizontal line locked 1 = Locked 0 = Unlocked
[0]	R	No_signal	No signal detected 1 = No Signal 0 = Signal Detected

3.8.28 Comb Video Status Register 2

Address Offset: 3Bh Access: Read only
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:3]		RESERVED	
[2]	R	CKILLON	1:chroma is being killed 0:no chroma is being killed
[1]	R	WeakChroma	1:indicates incoming signal contains weak color burst 0:no weak color burst amplitude is present
[0]	R	Proscan_detected	Progressive Scan Video Detected

3.8.29 Comb Video Status Register 3

Address Offset: 3Ch Access: Read only
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]	R	VCRrew	VCR Rewind Detected
[6]	R	VCRff	VCR Fast-Forward Detected
[5]	R	VCRtrk	VCR Trick-Mode Detected
[4]	R	VCRin	VCR Detected
[3]	R	Noisy	Noisy Signal Detected. This bit is set when the detected noise value (status register P2_7Fh) is greater than the value programmed into register (P2_05h).
[2]	R	Vline625_present	625 Scan Lines present
[1]	R	SECAM_present	SECAM color mode present
[0]	R	PAL_present	PAL color mode present

3.8.30 Soft Reset

Address Offset: 3Fh Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:1]	R/W	RESERVED	
[0]	R/W	Soft_Reset	Soft Reset: Write 1 to reset initial values for comb filter

3.8.31 Comb Filter Noise Status

Address Offset: 7Fh Access: Read only
Default Value: 00h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:0]	R	CombF_Noise	Noise indicator. Larger values indicate noisier signals. CombF_Noise can be used with P2_05h and P2_3C[3]

3.8.32 Luminance Peaking Control

Address Offset: 80h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 04h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:6]	R/W	RESERVED	
[5:4]	R/W	PEAK_RANGE	Luma peaking enhancement during decoding PEAK_RANGE[1:0] Peak Range Value 0 1 1 2 2 4 3 8 Ypeak = Y + YH *(peak_gain/peak_range), where Y is the luma and YH is the high frequency luma only
[3:1]	R/W	PEAK_GAIN	The gain of peaking filter
[0]	R/W	PEAK_EN	Luma peaking control enable. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

3.8.33 Comb Filter Configuration

Address Offset: 82h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 42h Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7]		RESERVED	
[6]	R/W	PAL_ERR	Reduce phase error artifacts in the comb filter's luma path. Set for VCR signals
[5]	R/W	PERR_AUTO_EN	1: Turn on PAL_PERR when VCR input is detected 0: None
[4]	R/W	COMB_PAL_WBAND	The bandpass filter used in the comb-filter when input is PAL
[3:2]		RESERVED	
[1:0]	R/W	PAL_SW_LEVEL	PAL switch level. Higher level for noisy signals.

3.8.34 Chroma Lock Configuration

Address Offset: 83h Access: Read/Write
Default Value: 6Fh Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:4]	R/W	Lose_Chroma_LkCnt	The time period to adjust Chromakill, Higher values are more sensitive to losing lock
[3:1]	R/W	Lose_Chroma_level	Level of Chromakill.
[0]	R/W	Lose_C_Ckill	1: When ChromaLock is lost, Chromakill takes action 0: None

3.8.35 Component Chroma LPF

Address Offset: C1h
Default Value: 00h

Access: Read/Write
Size: 8 bits

Bit	Access	Symbol	Description
[7:1]	R/W	RESERVED	
[0]	R/W	CMPV_CLPF	Used for YPbPr video 1: Enable chroma LPF 0: Disable chroma LPF

4 Electrical Characteristics

4.1 Digital I/O Pad Operation Condition

Table 4-1 Digital I/O Operation Condition

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
^{1.} VDD25	Digital Core Power Supply	1.62V	1.80V	1.98V
VD33	Digital I/O Power Supply	3.0V	3.3V	3.6V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3V		0.8V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	2.0V		5.0V
V _{T+}	Schmitt Trigger Low-to-High Threshold	1.44V	1.58V	1.71V
V _{T+}	Schmitt Trigger High-to-Low Threshold	1.09V	1.19V	1.31V
I _I	Input Leakage Current@ V _I =3.3V or 0V			±1μ A
I _{OZ}	Tri-state Output Leakage Current@ V _O =3.3V or 0V			±1μ A
I _{OL}	Low level Output Current@ V _{OL} =0.4V			
	2mA	2.1mA	3.4mA	4.2mA
	4mA	4.2mA	6.9mA	8.6mA
	8mA	8.4mA	13.9mA	17.2mA
	12mA	12.5mA	20.8mA	25.8mA
I _{OH}	High level Output Current@ V _{OH} =2.4V			
	2mA	3.0mA	6.2mA	10.0mA
	4mA	5.7mA	11.6mA	18.6mA
	8mA	9.5mA	19.4mA	30.9mA
	12mA	13.3mA	27.1mA	43.3mA
R _{PD}	Pull-up resistor	74KΩ	104KΩ	177KΩ
R _{PD}	Pull-down resistor	62KΩ	90KΩ	176KΩ

Note: R_{PD} and R_{PD} are always present no matter normal operation or power down mode is enabled. A typical 30~40μ A false leakage current which is resulted from R_{PD} and R_{PD} when a tester forces I/O to 3.3V or 0.0 V.

4.2 AC Characteristics

(DVDD=AVDD=2.5V; AVD33R=AVD33G=AVD33B=3.3V; VREFIN=1.235V; RL=37.5ohm; CL=10pF; RSET=386ohm; Temp =75oC, unless otherwise noted)

Table 4-2 DAC Parameters

Parameter	Sym	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Condition
CK period	Tck	5	--	--	Ns	
CK to valid output	Tdelay	--	--	0.5*Tck+2	Ns	
Output rise time	Tr	--	--	4	Ns	10% to 90% IOFS; assume no package inductance.
Output fall time	Tf	--	--	4	Ns	90% to 10% IOFS; assume no package inductance.
Output settling time	Tsettle	--	--	TBD	Ns	assume no package inductance
Glitch energy	--	--	--	--	pvs	assume no package inductance
DAC to DAC crosstalk	--	--	TBD	--	Db	.

4.3 Analog Processing and A/D Converters

Table 4-3 ADC Parameters

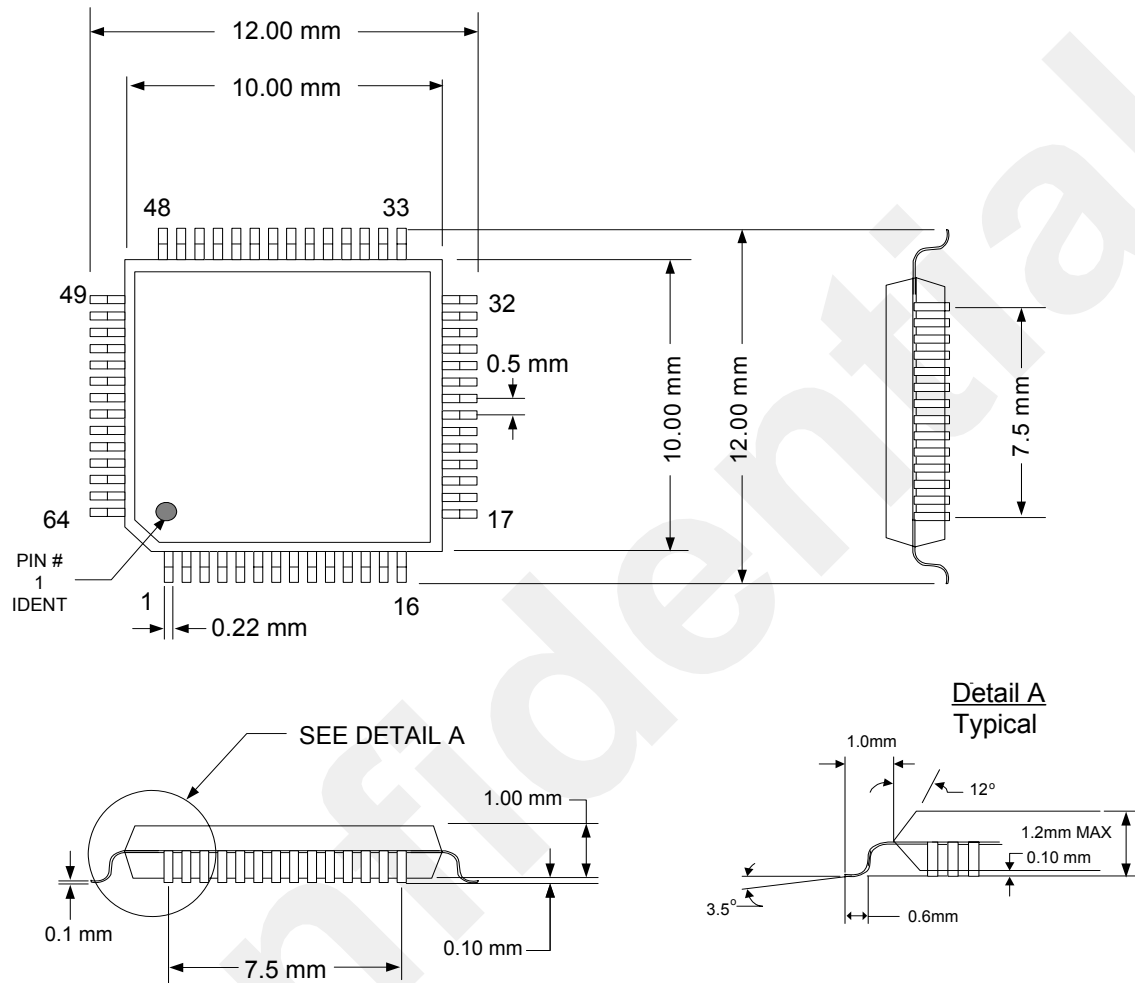
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Zi	Input impedance, analog video inputs	By design		500		kΩ
Ci	Input capacitance, analog video inputs	By design		10		pF
Vi(pp)	Input voltage range†	Ccoupling = 0.1μF	0		0.75	V
△G	Gain control range		0		12	dB
DNL	DC differential nonlinearity	A/D only		±0.5		LSB
INL	DC integral nonlinearity	A/D only		±1		LSB
Fr	Frequency response	6 MHz		-0.9	-3	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	6 MHz, 1.0 Vp-p		50		dB
NS	Noise spectrum	50% flat field		50		dB
DP	Differential phase			1.5		
DG	Differential gain			0.5%		

4.4 Absolute Maximum Rating

Table 4-4 Min AND Max Temperature

Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
Topr	Operation Temperature	-20	+85	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-65	+150	°C

5 Package Dimensions



64 LQFP 10 X 10 X 1.0 mm

Figure 5-1

6 Ordering Information

Table 6-1

Part No.	Package
T118	64 LQFP

7 Revisions Note

Table 7-1

Revisions	Description of changes	Date	Note
0.1	First draft	AUG. 25, 2005	
0.2	Enhanced DAC	JAN. 06, 2006	

8 General Disclaimer

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